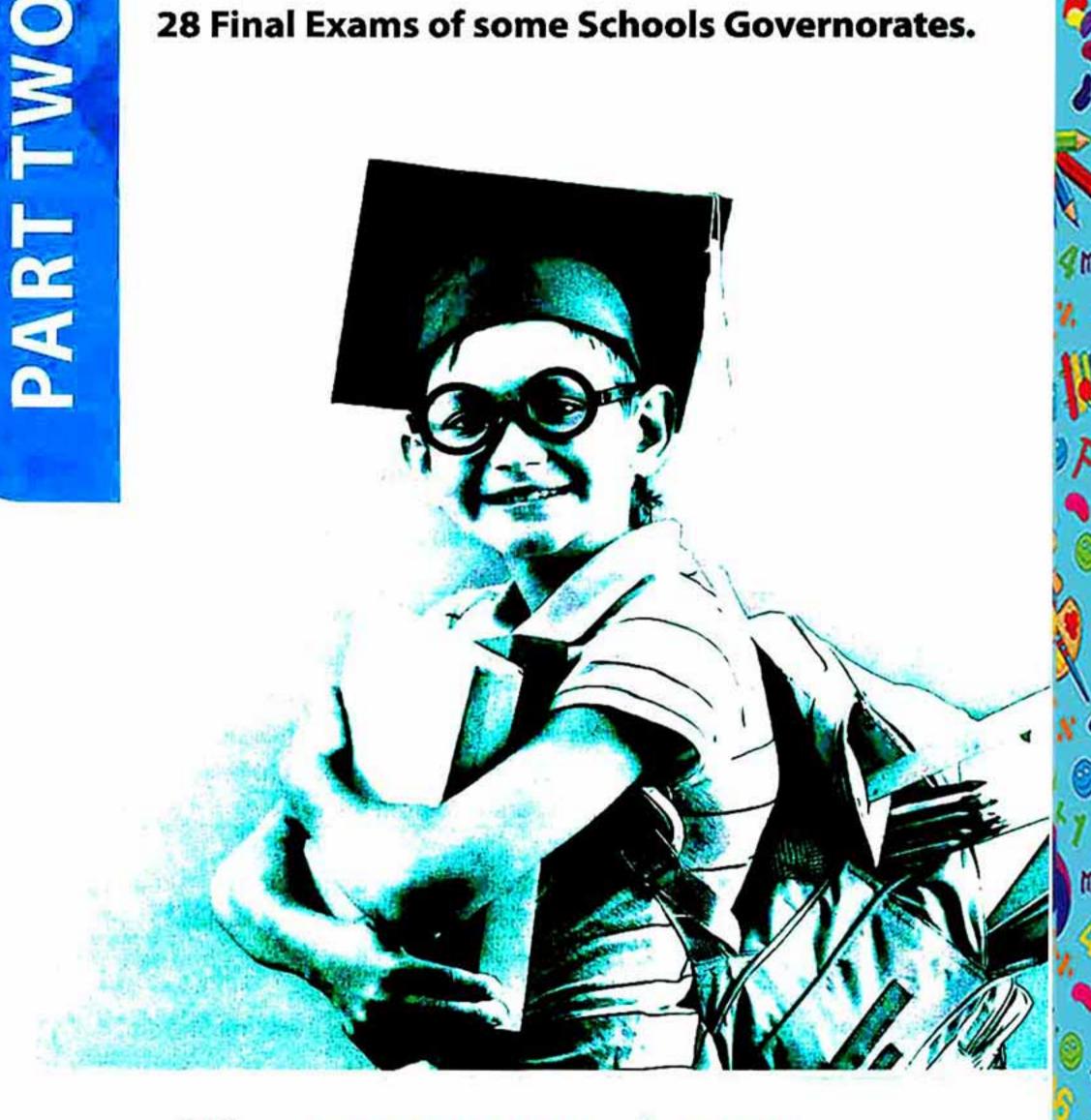
2+2

Final Exams 2019

28 Final Exams of some Schools Governorates.



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an)

1 Cairo Governorate

Misr El-Gadida Educational Zone St. Joseph's School

Answer the following questions:

	[A]	Put	(1)	or	(x)	
--	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	--

 Filtration is used to separate iron nails from sand. 		
2. The balance of ecosystem occurs due to the interface of man.	()

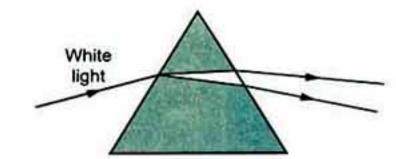
3. Yellow light colour is an example of primary colours. (

4. An electric current can be generated by using a magnet. (

[B] Look at the opposite figure:

What is the name of the device?

Mention its function.



[C] Give reasons for:

Bilharzia worm is a parasite.

The moon is not considered as a source of light.

[A] Write the scientific term :

The disease caused by some types of mosquitoes and infects the man.

3. A darkened area formed behind an object once light falls on it. (......)

[B] Choose the correct answer:

1. Mixing blue light colour with red light colour produces light colour.

a. magenta b. cyan c. yellow

 The food relationship between tiny aquatic organisms and sponge is an example of

a. parasitism. b. commensalism. c. mutualism.

a. ascaris worm. b. filaria worm. c. liver worm.

4. The area around the magnet where magnetic force appears in it ,

a. magnetic poles.
 b. magnetic field.
 c. magnet.

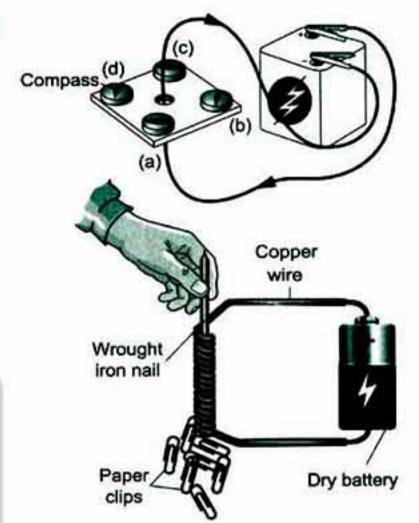


[A] Complete the following	statements :		
1. The solution consists of	f and		
2 and a	are some ways of self-de	efence against predation.	
to generate electricity is	n bicycle.	ron, while is used	
Increasing red as a common solvent.	luces solubility time, whi	le we use ···········	
[B] What is meant by ?			
Irregular reflection.			
2. Solvent.			
1. You look at the spoon is 2. When the north pole of magnet.	n a beaker contains wat	ne north pole of another	
[A] Choose from column (B	What suits it in colum	(B)	
External parasite as	a. a mixtu	CONTRACTOR SOUTH AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF	
2. Internal parasite as	Stranger and a second	substance.	
3. Distilled water is	c. liver wo	c. liver worm.	
4. Mineral water is	d. bug.	AA A	
1 2	3.	4	
[B] Complete the table :			
Points of comparison	Transparent material	Opaque material	
1. Definition :			
2 Fyamples :			

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 Put the wire beside the c 	ompass.



When approach the iron nail to paper clips.

2 Cairo Governorate

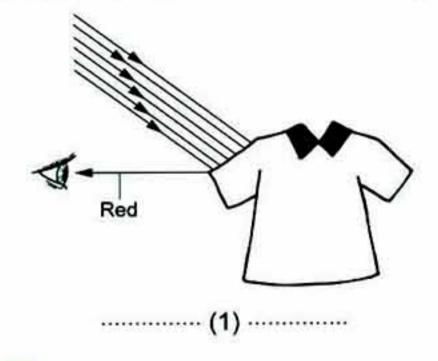
Al Maadi Educational directorate Manarat Al Maadi Language School

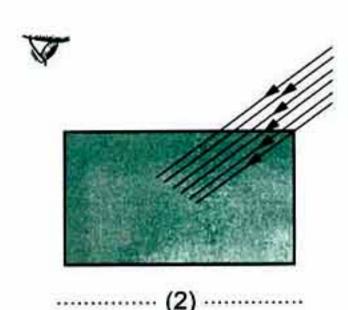
Answer the following questions:

[A] Complete the following sentences:

- 1. and are ways of mixing solid materials.
- 2. Like magnetic poles and dislike magnetic poles each other.
- 3. The filaria worm causes disease, while fleas causes disease.
- 4. The electromagnet changes ----- energy into ---- energy.
- 5. Camouflage is found in some living organisms such as and and
- 6. Solubility process depends on and and

[B] What is the colour of the body in each case :





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2+2

Final Exams

[A] Choose the correct answer:	202 181	
All the following are secondary co	The state of the s	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF
a. yellow. b. magenta.	c. blue.	d. cyan.
2. Salt solution is considered as		1 (-) 1 (-)
a. homogeneous b. heterogene		d. (a) and (c)
3. The devoured animal by another a	animal is known as the	
a. saprophyte. b. parasite.	c. prey.	d. predator.
The image formed through narrow a. minimized. b. enlarged.	c. inverted.	d. (a) and (c).
[B] Give reasons for :		
1. Formation of shadow.		
2. Some plants are known as insecti	vorous plants.	
3. Air is considered a mixture.		
4. The spoon seems broken in a cup	of water.	
	7447 A	
[A] Write the scientific term of each o	f the following stateme	nts :
1. A darkened area that is formed when		
2. The natural area including living of		
		()
3. A device used to convert kinetic e	nergy into electric energy	y. ()
4. A method used to separate iron o	bjects from other solid	
substances in a mixture.		()
[B] Mention one use for each of the fo	ollowing:	
1. Compass.		
2. Separating funnel.		
3. The electromagnet.		
4. Glass prism.		
[A] Put (√) or (x), then correct the v	wrong ones :	
1. Stirring increases the time of solub		
		()

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[B] Give reasons for : 1. Wood is an opaque	e material.	
2. Both milk and toma	ato sauce are mixtures.	
3. Frogs undergo can	nouflage and change their c	olour.
[A] Choose the correct	answer:	
1. ····· is used to	separate water-oil mixture.	
a. Filtration	b. Separating funnel	c. Evaporation
2. Mixing blue light w	ith red light produces	···· light.
a. cyan	b. yellow	c. magenta
3. Mosquito causes -	disease.	
a. small pox	b. malaria	c. elephantiasis
4. Plants which can't	make their protein are calle	d ····· plants.
a. prey	b. insectivorous	c. host
5. Light travels in	········· lines.	
a. curved	b. broken	c. straight
By increasing the to	emperature of the solution, th	ne speed of solubility
a. increases.	b. decreases.	c. doesn't change.
[B] Put (√) or (x) in fro	ont of each of the following	
1. Fungi that feed on	the dead organisms bodies	are called producers. ()
2. The electric current	has magnetic effect.	
3. The image which is	s formed through narrow hole	es is inverted. ()
	nd water can be separated b	
[A] Correct the underlin	ned words :	
1. An electromagnet of	changes electric energy into k	kinetic energy. ()
	aris worms are external para	
3. An object seems b	plack as it reflects all the ligh	ht colours. ()
4. Light reflects regu	larly when it falls on the surf	ace of a paper. ()
5. Salty solution is a	heterogeneous mixture.	()
7.07 I		63



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a transparent m	ne direction of light ray edium to another trans nt in which thousands o	sparent medium.	()
8. The process by disappearance	which a solute dissolv of the solute.	es in a solvent lead	ding to the
Choose the corre	ct answer :		
1. ···· reflects	all light colours fall or	n it.	
a. White opaque	e object	b. Black opaque	object
c. Red opaque	object	d. Green opaque	object
2. Atmospheric air	is an example of	····· mixture.	
a. gaseous-gas	eous	b. compound	
c. liquid		d. solid-liquid	
3. The solubility tin	ne is decreased by	······/	
a. increasing the stirring process.		b. increasing the temperature.	
c. increasing the	e amount of solvent.	d. all the previou	is.
4 All the following ar	e primary light colours e	xcept ·····is se	condary light colour.
a. yellow	b. green	c. blue	d. red
5. We can see thir	igs as a result of	of light rays.	1 1
a. reflection	b. refraction	c. decompose	d. analysis
6. From insect-eat	ers plants is		
a. drosera.	b. mushroom.	c. bean.	d. banana.
7. To separate sar	nd from water by	·····	
a. filtration.	b. grinding.	c. shaking.	d. separating funnel
8. Mosquitoes cau	ise disease to	man.	
a. malaria	b. small pox	c. filaria	d. liver
	for each of the follow	OF THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF T	
1. The moon s	eems luminous althou	igh it is a dark body	/.

المحاصر علوم لغات (Step by Step & Final Exams) / ه ب/ تيرم ١ (م : ٩)





2+2

	Put (√) or (x) and correct the wrong ones: 1. A glass prism is used to separate white light into four spectrum colours.	()
j	2. The magnet has three poles.	(
G	3. The electromagnet is used for making electric bells and electric mixer.	(,
	4. Green plants are called autotrophic organisms.	(
!	5. Oil and water can be separated by a magnet.	(
	6. Bilharzia worm, tape worm and ascaris worm are external parasites.	(1
5	Cairo Governorate New Cairo Zone Manor House International School		1
\rightarrow	Ivianor Trouse International School		
	the following questions :		
Cor 1.	the following questions: nplete the following:		
Cor 1 b	the following questions: nplete the following:		
1 b 2. P	the following questions: nplete the following:		
1 b 2. P 3. C 4. T	r the following questions: Inplete the following: In and I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. I arasitism may be I are from the factors that harm the environmental salance.		
1 b 2. P 3. D 4. T 5. V	r the following questions: nplete the following: and are from the factors that harm the environmental alance. Parasitism may be are or are from the energy into alance.	ed	in
Cor 1 b 2. P 3. D 4. T 5. V tl 6. T	r the following questions: Inplete the following: Inplete the following: Inplete the following: Inplete the following: In and Include a series of the factors that harm the environmental plance. In an		in
Cor 1 2. P 3. D 4. T 5. V 6. T 7. L	r the following questions: Inplete the following: In and I are from the factors that harm the environmental plance. Parasitism may be I are energy into I are energy. The solution consists of I are and I are energy. The white board I light colours, while the black board I are energy.	all	
Cor 1 2. P 3. C 4. T 5. V 6. T 7. L	r the following questions: Inplete the following: In and are from the factors that harm the environmental salance. Parasitism may be are energy into energy. The solution consists of energy and energy. The white board energy and energy into energy. The white board energy and energy into energy. The white board energy and energy into energy. The white board energy into energy into energy.	all	
Cor 1 2. P 3. C 4. T 5. V 6. T 7. L 8. T	r the following questions: Inplete the following: In and are from the factors that harm the environmental alance. It arasitism may be a energy into energy. It is solution consists of energy into energy. It is solution energy. It	all	
1 2. P 3. C 4. T 5. V 6. T 7. L 8. T	r the following questions: Inplete the following: In and and are from the factors that harm the environmental elance. Parasitism may be a energy into energy. The solution consists of and energy into energy. When we move a coil between two poles of a magnet is generated the coil. The white board all light colours, while the black board eght colours. The ight reflects when it falls on a energy, while it refracts when it passes from the comment of the colours.	all	9
Cor 1 2. P 3. C 4. T 5. V 6. T 7. L 8. T	rethe following questions: Inplete the following: In and I are from the factors that harm the environmental palance. Parasitism may be I energy into I energy. Proposed the I energy into I energy into I energy. Proposed the I energy into I energy into I en	all rom	9

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3	. The materials that are not attracted to the magnet.	()
4	. A set that is used to detect the main four directions.	()
[B] M	ention one use for each of the following:	
1	. Separating funnel .	
2	. Magnet.	
[C] W	hat are the factors that keep the environmental balan	ce ?
	orrect these statements :	
1	. The magnetic field is the ability of magnet to attract the m	agnetic materials.
2	. Rainbow is formed in the sky before raining.	
3	8. Mixture of sugar in water is a heterogeneous mixture.	
4	Light transmits in curved lines.	

[B] Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A):

(A)	(B)
1. Spectrum colours	a. relationship between decomposer and dead body.
2. Magnetic field	b. like mirror.
3. Reflecting surface	c. the 7 colours which the sunlight are made up of.
4. Saprophytism	d. is a way to separate mixtures.
5. Filtration	e. it's the space around the magnet in which the magnetic force appears.

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Çnlgı—ti∳si

[A] Write the scientific term of each of the follow	ing statements:
1. The materials which you can see objects clea	rly behind them. ()
2. A natural area including living organisms and r	non-living things. ()
3. The space around the magnet in which its ma	
appear.	()
 It consists of a solute and a solvent. 	()
[B] What happens if ?	
Heating salty water for a long time.	
2. Light falls on a shiny surface.	
3. Using strong magnet in the dynamo.	
4. Saprophytes (decomposers) disappear from	the Earth.
[A] Give reasons for each of the following :	
Water is called a common solvent.	
2. The spoon seems broken in a cup of water.	
3. Drosera and dionaea are known as insectivo	rous plants.
4. The electromagnet is considered as a tempo	rary magnet.
[B] Show how you can separate the following m	ixtures :
1. Sugar solution.	
2. Sand solution.	
[C] What is meant by each of the following ?	
Secondary coloured lights.	
2. Pure substance.	
***************************************	Co





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2+2-8

Science

والمجسل المعاوليس المعاولي

Final Exams

	3. Predation acts to th	ne number of preys.			
	a. organize b.	increase	c. decrease		
	4. Natural magnet is one of the	e ores.			
	a. iron b.	wood	c. copper		
	The substance which dissol	ves in the solvent is ca	alled		
	a. solution. b.	mixture.	c. solute.		
	6 takes place by livin	g organisms to hide fr	om their enemies.		
	a. Commensalism b.	Parasitism	c. Camouflage		
9	Which of the following is cor	nsidered as a seconda	ry light colour ?		
	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	Green.	c. Blue.		
	8is a magnetic mate				
	a. Iron b.	Aluminium	c. Copper		
3	Put (√) or (x):				-
	1. Fungi are feeding on dead of	rganisms' bodies are	called saprophytes.	()
	2. Solubility speed decreases by	shaking and rising the t	emperature.	()
	3. The carton paper is an opaq	ue material.		()
	4. The magnet has three poles			()
	5. Predation is a temporary rela	ationship between pre	dator and prey.	()
	6. The green table reflects all li	ight colours.		()
	7. The main source of light on	the Earth's surface is	electric bulb.	()
	8. The unlike magnetic poles re	epel and the like poles	attract.	()
4	[A] Write the scientific term	of each of the follow	ing statements :		
	1. The energy that we can	see.	()
	2. The material in which th	e solute disappears in	it. ()
	3. An area around the magr	net in which its magneti	c force appears. ()
	4. Food relationship betwe	en organisms get thei	r food by		
	devouring other organis	ms.	(····)
	The relationship betwee each other.	n two living organisms	TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		····)
	Living organisms which	decompose dead orga	anisms. (····)
	[B] Give reasons for :				
	1. Some materials are mag	gnetic.			
	2. Predation is not commo	n in plants.		•••••	

calgue d'a

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Giza Governorate

6 of October Directorate Smart Vision School

Answer	the	fol	lowing	quest	ions	:
--------	-----	-----	--------	-------	------	---

	AND		
Choose the correct an	swer:		
1. A pencil seems as it b	broken in a cup of water due to	of	light.
a. refraction	b. absorbtion	c. reflect	tion
2. The living organism the	nat devours another living orga	nism is	MINISTER .
a. host.	b. predator.	c. sapro	phyte.
3. The pure substance I	ike		
a. fruit salad.	b. sugar.	c. apple	juice.
4. White opaque object	all light colours.		
a. absorbs	b. reflects	c. transn	nits
5. The changes	s the electric energy into magn	etic energy.	
a. dynamo	b. electromagnet	c. compa	ass
6. The is used	to separate the white light into	7 spectrum	colours.
a. glass prism	b. compass	c. dynan	no
7. Light can't be transmi	tted through materials	3.	
a. transparent	b. translucent	c. opaqu	ie
8. The mixing of red , bl	ue and green producing	··· colour.	
a. magenta	b. green	c. white	
[A] Write the scientific	term of each of the following	statemen	ts:
Silvy streets for its	nich dissolves in the solvent.		()
2. The relationship b			()
47	k of light when it falls on a surf	ace.	(
(-3)	attracted to the magnet.		()
	contains living organisms and	non-living	
things.	sortaino ilving organismo ana i	ion iiviiig	()
[B] Circle the odd word	1:		
1. Red - Magenta - B			()
	- Shaking - Grinding.		
	- Penecillium - Bread mold fun	ane	(
5. Musiliooni - Fish	- Feriecillum - Dreau molu lun	gus.	()

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2+2

Final Exams

1. Air is considered		
2. Water is a commo	on solvent.	
3. Predation is a ten	nporary relationship.	••••••••••
[B] Correct the underli	ned words :	
1. Chameleon unde		(
2. Banana seems ye	llow when it is seen through blue glass sheet.	(
3. Shadow is formed	by falling light on a transparent object.	(
	at the seat of the bicycle.	(
	an be separated by evaporation.	(
Complete the following	g: // /	
1 + —		
/ +	Cyan	
2	A STATE OF THE STA	world
3. Predation is less com	mon in world than that in	world.
3. Predation is less com	A STATE OF THE STA	world.
3. Predation is less com	mon inworld than that intract, while thepoles repel.	
3. Predation is less com	tract, while the poles repel.	ate
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at	tract, while the poles repel. 6 of October Directors Sun Gate Language Sch	ate
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques	tract, while the poles repel. 6 of October Directors Sun Gate Language Sch	ate
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an	nmon in world than that in	ate
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship between	mon in world than that in	ate hool
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation.	tract, while the	ate hool
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m	mon in world than that in	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m a. Yellow	tract, while the	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m a. Yellow 3. Distilled water is a	tract, while the	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo Swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m a. Yellow 3. Distilled water is a a. mixture.	tract, while the solutions of October Directors Sun Gate Language Schools: stions: seen bilharizia worm and man is b. commensalism. c. parasitionixing red and green. b. Cyan c. Magenton. b. pure substance. c. solution	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m a. Yellow 3. Distilled water is a a. mixture. 4. Chameleon tends to	tract, while the	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2. formed by m a. Yellow 3. Distilled water is a mixture. 4. Chameleon tends to a. mimicry.	tract, while the soles repel. 6 of October Directore Sun Gate Language Schools: stions: veen bilharizia worm and man is b. commensalism. b. commensalism. c. parasitionizing red and green. b. Cyan c. Magentonic Sun Gate Language Schools c. parasitionizing red and green. c. parasitionizing red and green. b. cyan c. solution make sundange. c. symbio	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo wer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m a. Yellow 3. Distilled water is a a. mixture. 4. Chameleon tends to a. mimicry. 5. The change	tract, while the	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo Swer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m a. Yellow 3. Distilled water is a a. mixture. 4. Chameleon tends to a. mimicry. 5. The change a. electromagnet	tract, while the	ism.
3. Predation is less com 4. The poles at Giza Governo wer the following ques Choose the correct an 1. The relationship betw a. predation. 2 formed by m a. Yellow 3. Distilled water is a a. mixture. 4. Chameleon tends to a. mimicry. 5. The change	tract, while the	ism.



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2+2

Final Exams

1 Vollow Groop Cyan Maganta					
 Yellow - Green - Cyan - Magenta. 	(]			
2. Wood - Plastic - Iron - Glass.	()			
3. Fleas - ascaris worm - Tape worm - Bilharzia worm.	()				
4. Air - Clear water - Frosted glass - Glass.	(
[B] Put (√) or (x) with correction :					
Temperature increases the solubility speed.)			
2. Soda water is a solid-liquid mixture.	()			
3. Mosquito causes anaemia disease.	(
4. Light travels in straight lines.	. (
10 Giza Governorate Omrania Za Moharram Islamic Lan	Contract to the contract of th	1			
nswer the following questions :					
[A] Write the scientific term of each of the following state	ments :				
A set used to separate oil-water mixture.	<i>(</i>				
2. It is the substance that consists of more than one type	Annual Control				
	0 (
)			
The food relationship in which one living organism deve another one.					
마르스, (19) 11.11년, 11.11년, 11.11년, 11.11년 1	ours ()			
another one.	ours ()			
another one. 4. A device used to convert kinetic energy into electric en	ours ()			
another one. 4. A device used to convert kinetic energy into electric en [B] Give reasons for :	ours ()			
another one. 4. A device used to convert kinetic energy into electric en [B] Give reasons for: 1. Drosera is insect-eater plant.	ours ()			
another one. 4. A device used to convert kinetic energy into electric en [B] Give reasons for: 1. Drosera is insect-eater plant. 2. Air is transparent while rock is opaque material.	ours ()			
another one. 4. A device used to convert kinetic energy into electric en [B] Give reasons for: 1. Drosera is insect-eater plant. 2. Air is transparent while rock is opaque material. [A] Put (√) or (x):	ours ()			
another one. 4. A device used to convert kinetic energy into electric en [B] Give reasons for: 1. Drosera is insect-eater plant. 2. Air is transparent while rock is opaque material. [A] Put (√) or (x): 1. Red, green and blue are secondary coloured lights.	ours ()			



S	ci	e	m	c	e
-	_	_	-		•

[B]	Choose	the	correct	answer
-----	--------	-----	---------	--------

- 1. All the following are methods to form mixtures except
 - b. grinding.
- c. stirring.
- d. evaporation.
- Mixing blue and green lights gives light.
 - b. cyan
- c. magenta
- d. red
- 3. The speed of light in air is that in water.
 - b. equal to
- c. half
- d. (a) and (c)
- 4. All the following are magnetic materials except
 - a. aluminium.
- b. iron.
- c. steel.
- d. nickel.

Complete the following :

- 1. The ecosystem may be small as or large as
- 2. White light separates into colours which are called
- 3. We wear dark clothes in, while white clothes in
- 4. Distilled water is, while mineral water is

[A] Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A):

(A)	Challen telles in (B) and of Mean tell Addition
1. Mutualism	a. takes place between man and tape worms.
2. Predation	b. takes place between nodular bacteria and bean
3. Commensalism	plant.
4. Parasitism	c. takes place between cat and rat.
	d. takes place between sponge and the tiny aquatic organisms.

[B] Mention the function of:

- 1. Compass:
- The electromagnet :

تفوقك في أي مذكرة عليها العلاه facebook.com/groups/zakrolypr5.



Ansv	ver the following questions :
1 [A] Complete the following sentences :
	The scientific idea of the electromagnet depends on the conversion of the energy into energy.
a."	2. Liquid mixtures can be formed by or
4	 Some autotrophic plants have to prey insects to get their required elements for making
	Matter can be divided into and due to their magnetic attraction.
	5. Light when it transfers between two different transparent media.
[3] Give reasons for the following :
	The box of the compass isn't made from iron.
	2. White light can be separated.
	3. The red apple is seen red through the red glass sheet.
	4. A mixture of salt and water isn't separated by filtration process.
2	A] Which of the following processes takes place faster than the other and why
	Dissolving of a quantity of salt in 100 ml. of water
	or dissolving of the same quantity of salt in 300 ml. of water.
	2. Dissolving of sugar grains or cubes in water.
I	B] Write the scientific term :
	The space around the magnet in which the effect of magnetic force appears.
	2. The process that needs the presence of solvent and solute. (
	Materials that objects can't be seen through them.
	4. The balance among the components of the ecosystem. (



2+2-8

[C] Co	rrect the underlined words :			
1.	Decreasing the temperature doesn't change solubility speed.	()
2.	The compass is used in making electric bell.	()
3.	Table salt is collected by filtration process.	()
4.	Aluminium gets attracted to the magnet.	()
[A] W	hat happens when ?			
1.	Passing of an electric current in a wire wrapped around a rod	of soft in	ron.	
2.	Mixing the red light with the green light.			
3.	When a magnet is hanged freely to move.			
4.	You look at a picture through a glass sheet.			
[B] Pu	t (√) or (x) and correct the mistakes :		000000000	96000
1.	The white paper absorbs all light colours that fall on its surface	Ţ.	()
	Ecosystem is composed of non-living things like water and livir like plants.	ng orga	nisr (ns)
3.	Like magnetic poles attract, while dislike poles repel each othe	r.	()
4.	Distilled water is a mixture of minerals and water.		()
[A] M	ention the difference between each of the following :		0	
1.	Predator and prey.			
2.	Homogeneous mixtures and heterogeneous mixtures.			
3.	The way of self-defence in some bees and in frogs.		a	••••

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	- C C	haturaan aaab af	the following
	of food relationship	between each of	
Nodular bacteri	A DE L'OUR MAINTE MERCHON DE L'ARREST MARIE L'ARRES		(
2. Fungi and brea	d.		(
Choose the corre			
1. The solvent in t	the sugary solution is		
a. water.	b. sugar.	THE RESERVE AND ASSESSMENT OF RESERVE AND ASSESSMENT OF THE RESERV	of the following
2 is used	d to measure the elect	<u></u>	
a. Compass	b. Ammeter	c. Dyr	
F 2	aterials have the same	22	- 21
a. permit.	b. reflect.	c. refr	
	le up of only one type		
a. Milk	b. Mineral wa	ater c. Sug	gar
er the following quality of the corr	uestions : ect answer :	aint Vincent De	Padi School
ver the following quality of the correction of t	uestions :		d. red.
ver the following quality of the correction of t	uestions : ect answer : g colours are primary l	ights except c. blue.	
ver the following quality of the correction of t	uestions : ect answer : g colours are primary l b. green.	ights except c. blue.	
1. All the following and a copper	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the	ights except c. blue. ores. c. iron	d. red.
cer the following quality of the correction of t	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium	ights except c. blue. ores. c. iron	d. red.
1. All the following and a copper. 3. All the following an accopper. 3. All the following an accopper.	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non-	ights except c. blue ores. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt.	d. red.
cer the following quality of the correction of t	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a	ights except c. blue ores. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt.	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic.
1. All the following and a yellow. 2. The natural mana. copper 3. All the following a copper. 4. Salty solution a homogeneous	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a	ights except c. blue. c. blue. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt. mixture. c. heterogene	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic.
A] Choose the corr 1. All the following and an yellow. 2. The natural management and an copper 3. All the following an copper. 4. Salty solution and an homogeneous	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a b. complex	ights except c. blue. c. blue. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt. mixture. c. heterogene	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic.
A) Choose the corr 1. All the following as yellow. 2. The natural mass as copper 3. All the following as copper. 4. Salty solution as homogened 5. The coil of the as carbon. B) Look at the opper	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a us b. complex dynamo is made up o b. copper. osite figure,	ights except c. blue. c. blue. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt. mixture. c. heterogene	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic.
A) Choose the corr 1. All the following a. yellow. 2. The natural mana. copper 3. All the following a. copper. 4. Salty solution a. homogened 5. The coil of the a. carbon. B) Look at the opporthen answer the	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a us b. complex dynamo is made up o b. copper. osite figure, following:	ights except c. blue. c. blue. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt. mixture. c. heterogene	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic. ous coil
A) Choose the corr 1. All the following as yellow. 2. The natural mass as copper 3. All the following as copper. 4. Salty solution as homogened 5. The coil of the as carbon. B) Look at the opper	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a us b. complex dynamo is made up o b. copper. osite figure, following:	ights except c. blue. c. ores. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt. mixture. c. heterogene f c. aluminium.	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic. ous coil
A] Choose the corr 1. All the following a. yellow. 2. The natural material a. copper 3. All the following a. copper. 4. Salty solution a. homogened 5. The coil of the a. carbon. B] Look at the opportune answer the 1. The figure rep	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a us b. complex dynamo is made up o b. copper. osite figure, following: resents	ights except c. blue. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt. mixture. c. heterogene f c. aluminium.	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic. ous coil
2. The natural mana. copper. 4. Salty solution a. homogeneo. 5. The coil of the a. carbon. 2. Write the name.	ect answer: g colours are primary l b. green. agnet is one of the b. aluminium g substances are non- b. aluminium. is considered a us b. complex dynamo is made up o b. copper. osite figure, following: resents	ights except c. blue. c. iron magnetic except c. cobalt. mixture. c. heterogene f c. aluminium.	d. red. d. carbon d. plastic. ous coil



Science

2 Part

2	[A]	Complete	the	following	sent	ences	:
---	-----	----------	-----	-----------	------	-------	---

- 1. We can separate sand from salt solution mixture by
- 2. ---- + ---- Solution
- 3. The light when it transfers between two transparent media.
- 4. Mosquitoes infect man with but infect man with small pox.
- 5. The greatest is concentrated at the poles of the magnet.

[B] Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A) :

(A)	(B)
1. Cat and rat	a. solid-solid mixture.
2. Fruit salad	b. internal parasite.
3. Filaria worm	c. gas-liquid mixture.
4. Salt and water	d. predation.
5. Carbon dioxide and sugar solution	e. liquid-liquid mixture.
6. Ascaris worm.	f. elephantiasis.
	g. solid-liquid mixture.

1	2	3
4	5	6

[C] Cross out the odd word in each of the following:

3 [A] Write the scientific term :

1. The area around the magnet in which the magnetic force appears.

- 2. A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object.(......)
- 4. Plants that devour insects.

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	see the paper of the book white.		
2. The	glass is a non-magnetic substance.		
3. The	pencil seems to be broken in a cup of water.		
A] Put (v	or (x) and correct the false sentences :		
1. An 6	lectric current can be generated by using a magnet.	(
2. Obje	ects are seen less clearly through transparent materials.	(
3. Plan	nts are the main sources of food on the Earth.	(•••
4. Gre	en table reflects all colour lights.	(•••
5. Sol	ubility speed decreases by shaking.	(
	happens when ? ite light passes through a glass prism.		•••
			•••
2. He	ating salty water for a long time.		
3. You	approach the north pole of a magnet to the south pole of another	magne	et
4. Th	ere is no nodular bacteria in roots of leguminous plants as bear	ıs.	
	on the importance for each of the following:		
1. Co	mpass.		
	parating funnel.		

المحاصر علوم لغات (Step by Step & Final Exams) / ه ب/ تيرم ١ (م: ١١)

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13 Alexandria Governorate

Montaza Educational Zone

Answer the following questions:

[A] Choose the correct answer :

- The relationship between a cat and a rat is considered as an example of relationship.
 - a. predation
- b. mutualism
- c. parasitism
- 2. If you look at a yellow banana through a green glass sheet it seems
 - a. yellow.

- b. green.
- c. black.
- 3. Cyan, yellow and magenta lights are lights.
 - a. complementary
- b. secondary
- c. primary
- 4. can change its colour to be hidden from its enemies.
 - a. Frog

- b. Ascaris worm
- c. Bee

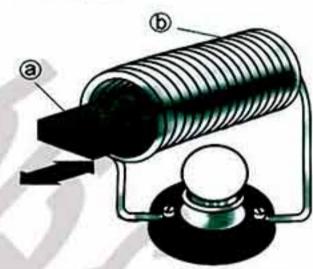
- 5.is a magnetic material.
 - a. Copper

b. Iron

c. Paper

[B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer the following:

- 1. The symbol (a) indicates and the symbol (b) indicates
- 2. When a moves inside bmust be generated.



[A] Complete the following sentences:

- light is produced by mixing all spectrum colours.
- 2. The solution consists of and and
- 3. Green plants are considered as organisms.
- 4. worms cause elephantiasis disease.

[B] Write the scientific term:

The natural area including living organisms and non-living things.

(.....)

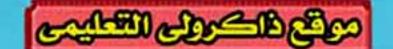
- 2. A darkened area formed behind an object once light falls on it. (......)
- 3. The reflection of light on a smooth reflecting surface. (......)

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الصف الخامس الابتدائي

2+2-8

Final Exams

1. Components of the mixture lose their properties.	()
2. Light refracts when it passes from air to water.	()
3. Filtration is used to separate oil-water mixture.	()
4. The carton is an opaque material.	()
3] Fill each space by a kind of food relationships from be	etween brackets	s:
(Saprophytism - Mutualism - Commensalism)		
1. Nodular bacteria and bean plant.	()
2. Fungi and dead organisms.	()
Sponge and tiny aquatic living organisms.	()
A] Give reasons for :		
Water is called a common solvent.		
2. The formation of images through narrow holes.		***************************************
3. Copper and aluminium are non-magnetic materials.	<i>P</i> -	
B) Choose from column (B) what suits it in colamn (A) :	9 -8	

(A)	(B)
 Stirring Evaporation By increasing the temperature Dionaea plant preys insects Natural magnet is a black stone called 	 a. the solubility time decreases. b. to get its required elements for making protein. c. magnetite. d. is used to collect table salt from salt pans. e. increases the speed of solubility.
1 2	

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Alexandria Governorate

East Zone Directorate Taymour English Schools

Answer t	he i	foll	owi	ng	questi	ons	:
----------	------	------	-----	----	--------	-----	---

Ansı	wer the following questions :	
	A] Complete the following sentences :	
	1. When light falls on a leaf, it makes reflection.	
	2. Increasing the number of coil turns increases of the	ne electromagnet.
20	3. Water is called as thousands of substances can described as thousands of substances can describe a substance of s	dissolve in it.
	Banana appears yellow because it all light colour which is	s except
	5. Similar magnetic poles while opposite poles	each other.
	6 can simulates the colour of the surrounding environment it is a good example for	onment and
[8	3] Mention one function for :	
	1. Glass prism.	
	2. Sponge for tiny aquatic living organisms.	
2 [A] Write the effect of the following on the solubility process 1. Using low temperature.	-
	2. Shaking.	
	3. Increasing the amount of solute.	
[1	3] Correct the underlined words in each of the following sta	tements :
	1. Refraction of light depends on the type of light.	()
	2. Blue, green and yellow are primary coloured lights.	()
	Insectivorous plants need <u>fats</u> and carbohydrates.	()
	 The dynamo changes <u>heat</u> energy into electric energy. 	()
	 Blue, green and <u>yellow</u> are primary coloured lights. Insectivorous plants need <u>fats</u> and carbohydrates. The dynamo changes <u>heat</u> energy into electric energy. 	(
	A] Give reasons for : We cannot distinguish between particles of vinegar and wa 	ater.
	Partition of thingain and the	



B] Write the scientific term :	6 (894)	14.4
 Any natural area including living 	ng organisms and non-living	
		(
2. The materials that are not attra	Street Car Hard Park	(
3. The separation method of a m	(A-20) /a 1/a 1	(
4. The food relationship between		(
5. It is a darkened area which is	formed when light falls on a	
		(
[A] What happens when ?		
1. Man is infected with ascaris w	rorm.	
	<u> </u>	
You put some iron filings near ends.	the center of a magnet and	some near to
ends.	the center of a magnet and	some near to t
ends. [B] Choose the correct answer :		some near to t
ends.		some near to t
Ends. [B] Choose the correct answer: 1. Light that can be seen is calle	d	some near to
EB] Choose the correct answer: 1. Light that can be seen is called a. visible spectrum.	b. infrared. d. all the previous.	some near to
Ends. [B] Choose the correct answer: 1. Light that can be seen is calle a. visible spectrum. c. ultraviolet	b. infrared. d. all the previous.	some near to
ends. [B] Choose the correct answer: 1. Light that can be seen is calle a. visible spectrum. c. ultraviolet 2 is a semi-transparent	b. infrared. d. all the previous. t material.	some near to t
ends. [B] Choose the correct answer: 1. Light that can be seen is calle a. visible spectrum. c. ultraviolet 2	b. infrared. d. all the previous. t material. b. Water d. Mirror	
(B) Choose the correct answer: 1. Light that can be seen is called a visible spectrum. c. ultraviolet 2	b. infrared. d. all the previous. t material. b. Water d. Mirror	
[B] Choose the correct answer: 1. Light that can be seen is calle a. visible spectrum. c. ultraviolet 2	b. infrared. d. all the previous. t material. b. Water d. Mirror n beans and nodular bacteri	

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هذا العمل حصرى على موقع ذاكرولى التعليمي ولا يسمح بنشره في أي مواقع أخرى لمزيد من أعمالنا تفضل بزيارة موقعنا على الانترنت https://www.zakrooly.com

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energy.

2+2

	On mixing all the primary colour light is produced.	light colours (re	d + blue + green),	the
	3. In sugary solution, sugar	is the	whileis th	ne solvent.
	4 and g			
	5. The relationship between		, a	
	6. Like magnetic poles			
	7. The spectrum colours sta	A STATE OF THE STA	The second secon	
10	8. There are two types of lig			
[B]	What happens when ?	Ø ₂		
	You approach the north pagnet.	oole of a magnet	to the south pole of	f another
	2. Predators disappear fron	n an environmen	t including few rabb	oits.
[A]	Write the scientific term o	f each of the fo	llowing statement	s:
-7501 254	1. A natural area contains liv	ving organisms a	nd non-living things	. ()
	2. The space around the ma	agnet in which th	e magnetic force a	ppears.
		- ///		()
	A darkened area which is	formed as a res	sult of light falling o	n
	an opaque body.			()
	 A food relationship in white decomposing food remains 		T. 100 AND T. 100 T.	())
	5. A substance that consists	s of more than or	ne type of particles	. ()
	6. The substance that disap	pears in the solv	vent.	()
[B]	Give reasons for each of t	he following:		
	1 Iron and cobalt are magn	etic materials.		
	2. Water is considered as a	common solven	t.	
[A]	Choose the correct answer	er:		
	1is the main sour	ce of light.		
	a. Lightened candle	b. The Sun	c. The moon	d. Torch
	2 is attracted to th	e magnet.	1	The state of the s
	a. Wood	b. Chalk	c. Iron	d. (b) and (c)
86				
- Ch	الم ما أم ماقم أم ما		latil lately attack	la aven 1111



	3. Predation acts to	···· the	number of pre	eys.		
	a. organize	b.	increase			
	c. decrease	d.	no correct ans	swer		
	4. The natural magnet is or	ne of	the o	res.		
	a. iron	b.	steel	c. carbon	d. cobal	t
	5. The electromagnet chan	iges ·	energ	y into magnetic energ	ду.	
do.	a. thermal	b.	sound	clight	d. electr	ric
4	6 occurs by some	e livin	g organisms to	hide from enemies.		
	a. Commensalism	b.	Parasitism			
	c. Camouflage	d.	No correct an	swer		
re	B] Choose from column (B)	what	euite it in co	lumn (A) ·	28	
L	of Choose nom column (b)	Wilai	suits it in co	idiiii (A) .	TO SERVICE DE	1
	(A)		A SILE	onario (B) parmo logilo	由作是	
	1. Rock			arated by separating	funnel.	
	2. Cyan		b. causes ele			
	Filaria worm Oil and water mixture		c. is an opaqu	ue material. blue and green lights	_	
4 [/	A] Put (✓) or (ϫ) :					
	1. A mixture of sand and wa		can be separat	ed by filtration proces	ss. (,
	2. The magnet has four po			V.		,
	Stirring increases solubi	lity tir	me and decrea	ses the speed of solu	ubility	
	process.					,
	Ecosystem may be very)
	Insect-eaters plants are carbohydrates.	plant	s that prey sm	all insects to make		
	6. Spiders use their woven	nets	for catching in	nsects.	(
rı	B] Classify the following int	to pro	edator, parasi	te or decomposer :		
	(Lion - Mushroom - Mosqu	100				
	11 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 -			,		
	1. Predator :		i.			
					•••••	
						87



	separate a mixture of sa	ilu allu water.		
 a. Evaporation 	b. Filtration	c. Separating funn	el	
3 takes place	by some living organis	ms to hide from their en	emie	s.
a. Commensalism	b. Parasitism	c. Camouflage		
4 are examp	les of decomposers.			
a. Fungi	b. Rabbits	c. Plants		
5. Dynamo produces	energy.			
a. electric	b. light	c. heat		
[B] Put (√) or (x):				
1. Bilharzia worm is an	external parasite.		(1
2. The carton is an opa	que material.		(1
3. Salt and water are n	nixed by stirring.		()
[A] Correct the underline	ed words :			
		a saprophytism. (
2. Red light + Green li				
The state of the s	d milk are pure substar	ices. (
4. Light travels in curv	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			
[B] What happens if ?				
72 7	trum colours together.			
2. White light falls on a	a black opaque object.			
[C] Define the following				
[C] Define the following 1. Environmental bala				
THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE				



2+2

1. The materials that are attracted to the magnet. 2. It contains of more than one type of particles. 3. The devoured animal in the predation relationship. 4. The process of formation a solution. 5. The natural area including living organisms and non-living things. (
3. The image which is formed by the narrow holes is and		generator is the changing	of the energy
4			
5	The second secon		
Iliving organisms. Iliving organisms. Iliving organisms. Image: Application of the following statements: 1. The materials that are attracted to the magnet. Countries of more than one type of particles. Countries of the magnetic force appears. Countries of particles of particles. Countries of parti	4is used to separate	a mixture of sand and iron	filings.
2. It contains of more than one type of particles. 3. The devoured animal in the predation relationship. 4. The process of formation a solution. 5. The natural area including living organisms and non-living things. (A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O	m the ways of self-defence	against predation in
2. It contains of more than one type of particles. 3. The devoured animal in the predation relationship. 4. The process of formation a solution. 5. The natural area including living organisms and non-living things. ([A] Write the scientific term of	f each of the following sta	atements :
3. The devoured animal in the predation relationship. 4. The process of formation a solution. 5. The natural area including living organisms and non-living things. (1. The materials that are att	racted to the magnet.	(
4. The process of formation a solution. 5. The natural area including living organisms and non-living things. (2. It contains of more than o	ne type of particles.	(
5. The natural area including living organisms and non-living things. (3. The devoured animal in the	he predation relationship.	(
6. A space around the magnet in which the magnetic force appears. (4. The process of formation	a solution.	(
6. A space around the magnet in which the magnetic force appears. (5. The natural area including	g living organisms and non	-living things.
[B] What happens when? 1. You look at a red apple through a green glass sheet. 2. You place your hand between a light source and the wall. [A] Choose the correct answer: 1. Mixing red and green lights produces light. a. yellow b. cyan c. magenta 2. The solute in the mixture of chocolate and milk is			(
1. You look at a red apple through a green glass sheet. 2. You place your hand between a light source and the wall. [A] Choose the correct answer: 1. Mixing red and green lights produces	6. A space around the magr	net in which the magnetic for	orce appears.
1. You look at a red apple through a green glass sheet. 2. You place your hand between a light source and the wall. [A] Choose the correct answer: 1. Mixing red and green lights produces			(
2. You place your hand between a light source and the wall. [A] Choose the correct answer: 1. Mixing red and green lights produces light. a. yellow b. cyan c. magenta 2. The solute in the mixture of chocolate and milk is a. water. b. milk. c. chocolate.	[B] What happens when ?		
[A] Choose the correct answer: 1. Mixing red and green lights produces light. a. yellow b. cyan c. magenta 2. The solute in the mixture of chocolate and milk is a. water. b. milk. c. chocolate.	1. You look at a red apple th	rough a green glass sheet	
Mixing red and green lights produces light. a. yellow	2. You place your hand betv	veen a light source and the	wall.
Mixing red and green lights produces light. a. yellow	[A] Choose the correct answer	er:	77 4
The solute in the mixture of chocolate and milk is a. water. b. milk. c. chocolate.			
a. water. b. milk. c. chocolate.	a. yellow	b. cyan	c. magenta
	2. The solute in the mixture	of chocolate and milk is	
3. The enced of light in air is that in water	a. water.	b. milk.	c. chocolate.
5. The speed of light in all is that in water.	3. The speed of light in air is	s that in water.	
a. faster than b. slower than c. equal to		PRINCIPAL AND	c. equal to
4. When the compass is put beside a wire carrying an electric current	The Company of the Co	TO AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	THE MANUAL TERM
		n se s ² so ²⁴	c. no correct answer

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22+2

[B] Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A):

(B)
a. decompose food remains.
b. get shelter and food from sponge.
c. is an example of extinct animals.
d. share the host its digested food.

NAMES OF THE PARTY	2	2	1
1	2	3	4

4	TA	Give	reasons	for	each	of the	following	
		0.00			CHOIL	OI CITO	. On O wing	, ,

- Wood is an opaque material.
- The compass is an important tool for travellers.

[B] Correct the underlined words in each of the following statements :

18 El-Gharbia Governorate

Central Science Supervision

Answer the following questions:

[A] Complete the following sentences :

- The magnetic force is most powerful at the of the magnet and disappears at its

- 4. Light never transmits through materials and is formed as a result of the falling of light on these materials.
- On mixing all spectrum colours, the light is produced that can be separated again by using

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[B] Write the name and the type of the living organism which causes the following:

and the state of t	The living organism	Its type
1. Elephantiasis :		
2. Small pox :		3.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000
3. Rotten of bread :	<i></i>	

		W-307 10 (MG)	
[2] [A] Choose the correct	ct answer in each o	of the following:	
1 is a ma	gnetic material.		
a. Copper	b. Iron	c. Aluminium	d. (a) and (c)
2. The dynamo is fi	xed in the bicycle		
a. seat.	b. pedal.	c. tire.	d. lamp.
3. Yellow, cyan and	l magenta light color	urs are named as	light colours
a. secondary	b. purple	c. primary	d. rainbow
4. Salt and pepper	can be mixed by		
a. shaking.	b. grinding.	c. stirring.	d. (a) and (b)
[B] Give reasons for e	each of the following	ng:	
1. Predation is a te	mporary food relation	onship.	
2. Increasing the n	umber of coil turns o	of the electromagnet.	
[C] Give an example f	or each of the follo	owing:	
1. An insectivorous	plant :		
2. A living organism	n undergoes mimicr	y:	
3. A gaseous-gase	ous mixture :		
4. A common solve	nt :		

3 [A] Write the scientific term for each of the following statements :

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The process by which a solute dissolves in a solvent leading to disappearance of the solute.	to the
 The space around the magnet in which the effect of magnetic appears. 	
[B] Mention only one use (importance) for each of the following	:
1. Evaporation process :	
2. The electromagnet :	
3. Compass :	
4. Ammeter :	
[A] Correct the underlined word in each of the following :	
 The image formed through a narrow hole is upright magnified 	
	()
2. If the available food resources become insufficient, friendshi	
among preys' population.	(
3. The white dress appears green when red light strikes it.	()
4. Predators recycle the chemical elements within the ecosystem.	(
[B] What happens when ?	
 The light passes between two different transparent media. 	
2. Grinding of sugar before dissolving it in a liquid.	
3. A cuttlefish is attacked by an enemy.	9
[C] Give one difference between regular reflection and irregular	r reflection of
light.	A

19 El-Dakahlia Governorate Educational Directora	ate
Answer the following questions :	
[A] Choose the correct answer :	
Most mixtures formed by dissolving in liquids are mi	xtures
a. identical b. homogeneous c. heterogeneous	
a. Identical D. Homogeneous C. Heterogeneous	



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	2. Bacteria is				
	a. producer.	b. decomposer.	c. parasite.		
	3. Plants get ener	gy from			
	a. sunlight.	b. oxygen.	c. chlorophyll.		
	4. The dynamo go	enerates en	ergy from mechanical energ	ıy.	
	a. thermal	b. light	c. electric		
[B	Give reasons for	each of the following	ng:		
A.	1. Opaque object	s form shadows.			
	2. The compass u	sed to identify the fo	ur geographical directions.		
	3. The banana fru	it seems to be yellov	v.		
	4. Water is called	a common solvent.			
2 [A] Put (🗸) or (🗴) a	nd correct the worr	ng ones :		_
	1. Yellow, purple a	nd blue lights are pri	mary light colours.	()
	2. The coil of the o	dynamo is made up o	of copper wire.	()
	3. A separating fur	nnel is used to separ	ate heterogeneous mixtures	s. ()
	4. The ecosystem	may be large like a	oond or small like a desert.	()
[B] Write the scienti	fic term for each of	the following:	<i>A</i>	******
	 The light energ 	y that can be seen.			·····)
	and the second of the second o	ship between two livi	ng organisms that benefit fr		
	other.	stance that doesn't	dissolve in a water (,
	of General Section (Section 1)	Cal AC OVI Let SA	a white paper in different di	rections	
	4. Reflection of lig	giil oir the surface or	a writte paper in unierent un)
3 [4	1 Complete the fo	llowing sentences :			
	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	I at the of the mag	net.	
	The second secon	(55)	e white light into its seven co		
94		The second secon	The second secon		



3. The factories use huge to move the heavy iron blocks.
4. Changing the nautral circumstances of the environment in ancient eras
leads to dinosaurs

[B] What is the difference between each pair of the following:

1 Magnetic and non-magnetic materials

٠.	Magnetic and non-magnetic materials.
2.	Pure substance and mixture.
3.	Transparent and opaque material.

[A] What do you expect to happen in the following cases:

- Man continues cutting forest trees.
- Holding a magnet freely.

[B] Why the pencil inside a glass of water seems broken?

[C] Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A):

(A)	(B)
Plastic Steel	a. is the pole which always refers to the south direction of the Earth.
3. Compass	b. is a magnetic material.
The south pole Magnetic field	c. is the area surrounding the magnet, where the magnetic force appears.
	d. is a non-magnetic material.
	 e. is a device used to identify the main four geographical directions.

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هذا العمل حصرى على موقع ذاكرولى التعليمي ولا يسمح بنشره في أي مواقع أخرى لمزيد من أعمالنا تفضل بزيارة موقعنا على الانترنت https:\\www.zakrooly.com

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20 Ismailia Governorate

Directorate of Education

Answer	the	foll	owing	quest	ions	:
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[A] Complete the following sent	tences
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- 1. Sea water is, while sugar is
- 2. In the dynamo the energy changes into energy.
- 3. The image formed through narrow holes is and and
- The like magnetic poles ------ each other, while the dislike magnetic poles ----- each other.
- 5. Mixture can be formed by shaking, and and

[B] What happens when ... ?

- Man interference by polluting the environment.
- Cutting the electric current from the electromagnet.
- You look at a yellow banana through a blue glass sheet.

2 [A] Write the scientific term :

- 1. Natural area including living organisms and non-living things. (......)
- 2. The light energy that can be seen.
- 3. An area of the magnet, where magnetic force is most powerful. (.......)

[B] Choose from column (B) what suits it in column (A):

(A)	(B)	
1. Fleas	a. causes elephantiasis.	
2. Filaria worm	b. causes malaria.	
3. A mosquito	c. causes bread mold.	
4. Ascaris worm	d. causes anaemia.	
	e. cause small pox.	

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3 [A] Look at the oppos	The state of the s		\ N \		
The opposite ap	Michigan State of Control Control				
2. We use it to know					
3. It contains	3. It contains				
[B] Give reasons for					
1. Water is a comm	non solvent.				
2. The death of the	e host is considere	d a loss to the pa	rasite.		
3. The formation of	f a shadow.				
[C] Mention one use 1. Separating funn			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
2. Glass prism :					
[A] Choose the corre	ect answer :				
The last the second sec	lights produces ye	ellow light.			
a. red + blue	b. green + blue	c. red + cyan	d. red + green		
2. You can separa	te sand from sand	-water mixture by			
a. filtration.	b. evaporation.	c. magnet.	d. all the previous.		
3is a m	agnetic material.				
a. Copper	b. Aluminium	c. Glass	d. Iron		
4. As dec	creases, the solubi	lity speed increas	es.		
a. the amount of	of solvent	b. stirring			
c. temperature		d. the amount of	of solute		
5. The huge elect	romagnet is used i	n			
a. electric bell.	b. cranes.	c. telephone.	d. car toy.		
[B] Mention the kind	of food relations	hip between the	following:		
1. Nodular bacter	ia and bean plant.		()		
2. Drosera and in	sects.		()		
3. Wet bread and	bread mold fungu	S.	()		
	ە سار تىدە د دە : ۲۰۳	/ (Step by Step & Final	97 المحاصد علوم لغات (Exams		



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2 Part

21 Suez Governorate

Directorate of Education

Answer the following question:	S	:
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[A] Complete the following sentences	1	[A]	Complete	the	following	sentences
--------------------------------------	---	-----	----------	-----	-----------	-----------

- 1. The material which doesn't allow light to transmit through is called
- 3. Red light + Green light + Blue light =
- The magnetic pole that always refers to the north direction is called

- 5. Increasing temperature solubility time.
- 6. is from the extinct organisms due to the change in the natural conditions.

[B] Mention the name of the tool that can be used in each case :

- Separating a mixture of oil and water.
- Separating of white light into seven colours.

[A] Write the scientific term:

- 1. The organisms which help in getting rid of dead organisms. (...............)
- The colour lights we get by mixing two colours of the primary coloured lights.
- 3. A tool that is used for locating the main four geographical directions.
- 4. A process needs the presence of solvent and solute.
- 5. The food relationship between two organisms that get benefit from each other.
- The natural area including living organisms and non-living things.

[B] Compare between each of the following:

Points of comparison	Magnetic materials	Non-magnetic materials
Definition :		
Examples :		

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	Choose the correct answer	•					
	1. The dynamo is fixed in the	bicycle					
	a. seat. b.	pedal.	c. tire.				
	The picture formed through	a narrow hole is	Manager Transport				
	a. upright minimized. b.	inverted minimized.	c. inverted magnified	i.			
	3. Which of the following is considered as a secondary colour?						
	a. Yellow. b.	Green.	c. Blue.				
On.	4. We can see things as a res	sult of of light i	rays.				
4	a. reflection b.	refraction	c. absorption				
	5. The animal that devours an	other animal is called	*******				
	a. parasite. b.	host.	c. predator.				
	6. An example of decompose	rs is					
	a. fungus. b.	rabbit.	c. plant.				
[P] What happens in each of the	e following ?	SM.				
L	When a magnet is hanged						
	Trilon a magnerie nangea						
	Cutting down of trees.			0.00			
				_			
[A	J Put (√) or (×):						
[/	1. Filtration is used to separate)			
I [A	 Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can of 	hange their colour to si	mulate the colours of the) r			
] [4	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can a surrounding environment wh	change their colour to si here they live to hide fro	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. () r)			
	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can a surrounding environment wh The balance of ecosystem a	change their colour to si here they live to hide fro	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. () r)			
	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can a surrounding environment wh The balance of ecosystem a Give reasons for:	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man.)			
	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can a surrounding environment wh The balance of ecosystem a	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man.) (
	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can of surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the balance of ecosystem of the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of ecosystem of the balance of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interdended as a source of light	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man.)			
	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can a surrounding environment wh The balance of ecosystem a Give reasons for:	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interdended as a source of light	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man.) r)			
[8	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can of surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of the balance of ecosystem of the balance of ecosystem of the surrounding environment who are the balance of ecosystem of ecosystem of the balance of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of ecosystem of	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interded	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man. (ght.) ,			
[8	Filtration is used to separate Some living organisms can organism can org	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interded as a source of limited.	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man. (ght.) ()			
[8	1. Filtration is used to separate 2. Some living organisms can of surrounding environment wh 3. The balance of ecosystem of the second	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interded as a source of limited.	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man. (ght.) (
[8	1. Filtration is used to separate 2. Some living organisms can of surrounding environment wh 3. The balance of ecosystem of Give reasons for: 1. The moon cannot be considered a mixture 2. Air is considered a mixture 3 Choose from column (B) wh (A)	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interded as a source of limited.	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man. (ght.) r)			
[8	1. Filtration is used to separate 2. Some living organisms can of surrounding environment who 3. The balance of ecosystem of the second of th	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interest dered as a source of limited. at suits it in column a. can be separated b. internally parasit	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man. (ght. (A): (B) d by using a magnet. ism.) r)			
[8	1. Filtration is used to separate 2. Some living organisms can of surrounding environment wh 3. The balance of ecosystem of the second of the	change their colour to sinere they live to hide from occurs due to the interded as a source of limited at suits it in column a. can be separated b. internally parasitive c. causes anaemia.	mulate the colours of the m their enemies. (ference of man. (ght. (A): (B) d by using a magnet. ism.) ()			

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Part

Port Said Governorate

Port Said Educational Board

Answer t	he f	follo	wing	quest	ions	:
----------	------	-------	------	-------	------	---

-				9000V#50-47	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Com	olete	the	toll	owing	sentences	-

- 1. Mixtures can be formed by shaking, or
- 2. Transparent and translucent objects have the colour of the light which , but opaque objects have the colour of light they
- 3. Ecosystem is a natural area that contains and and
- 4. Like magnetic poles , while unlike poles each other.

[A] Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Living organisms use to escape from their enemies.
 - a. predation
- b. saprophytism
- c. mimicry
- d. symbiosis
- 2. The natural magnet is one of the ores.
 - a. copper
- b. iron
- c. carbon
- d. aluminium
- 3. Bilharzia worms are considered as organisms.
 - a. producer
- b. consumer
- c. decomposer d. parasitic

(.....)

- 4. is one of the primary colours.
 - a. Green
- b. Magenta
- c. Yellow
- d. Cyan

[B] Give reasons for :

Shadow is formed for opaque objects.

[A] Write the scientific term :

- 1. A food relationship between two different types of living organisms in which they benefit from each other. (.....)
- 2. The space around a magnet in which the magnetic force appears through.

3. Extinct organism as a result of changing the natural circumstances of the environment.

4. The bouncing of light when it falls on a bright surface. ······)

[B] What happens when ... ?

Passing white light through a glass prism.

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الصف الخامس الايتدائي

1	4	[A]	Choose	from	column	(B)	what su	its	it in	column	(A)
u			CHOOSE		Column	(\mathbf{v})	Wildt 3d	113		Column	()

encised (A) compose	in was the present of the (B) test ectively as
1. Filaria worm	a. is used to move iron blocks.
2. Solvent	b. conveys small pox to man.
3. Electromagnet	c. causes elephantiasis to man.
4. Wood	d. is the substance in which the solute dissolves.
5. Bread mould fungus	e. is a saprophytic organism.
	f. is a non-magnetic material.
	2 3

1	2	3
4	-	

[B] In the opposite figure:

The tool used in separating this mixture is, and it is used in separating



23 Damietta Governorate

Directorate of Education

Answer the following questions:

- 1. The ecosystem is a natural area that contains and and
- 2. The solution is a mixture of and and
- The relationship between sponge and the tiny aquatic living organisms is
 , while the relationship between nodular bacteria and leguminous plants is
- 4. In the electromagnet, the energy changes into energy.
- 5. Solid materials can be mixed by or

[B] Correct the underlined words in each of the following statements :

- 1. Fungi that feed on the dead organisms are called parasites. (................................)
- 2. When a red light strikes a white object, the object appears cyan.

3. Natural magnet is a red rock. (
---	--	--

101

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2+2

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2 [A]	Write the scientific t	erm for each of the fol	lowing:	
	1. A device that used	to locate the four main	geographical d	irections.
				()
	2. A device that used	to change the mechanic	cal energy into	electric energy.
				()
	3. The space around	the magnet in which the	effect of magr	netic force
20.	appears.			()
40		which the harmless orga		
	poisonous organis	ms to frighten their ener	nies and escap	
		2.0		()
	5. Materials that are	not attracted to the magi	net.	()
[B] Giv	ve reasons for :			
	1. The pen appears b	roken in a glass of water	г.	
			,	•••••••••••
	2. Air is considered a	mxiture.		
	Drosera and diona	ea are known as insectiv	orous plants.	
3 Ch	oose the correct ans	wer:	7/	
	The salt solution is			
10.5		b. a heterogeneous	c. solid	d. gas
	Ascaris worm is a			10
1/2=F/U	a. decomposer.	b. producer.	c. parasite.	d. predator.
	the state of the s	ncreases when		
	a. temperature	b. stirring		
	The second secon	nt d. the amount of solut	re.	
	From the magnetic magnetic		.0	
	a. aluminium.	b. iron.	c. copper.	d. wood.
		is considered as a seco		
	a. Yellow.	b. Green.	c. Blue.	d. Red.
	Light travels in		2.00.	16
1	a. curved	b. broken	c. straight	d. zigzag
	1217/15	disease to man.		33
	a. malaria	b. small pox	c. bilharzia	d. elephantiasis
	a. malana	J. Official pox		0.00
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a. refraction	b. reflection
c. analysis	d. absorption
[A] What is meant by	each of the following ?
1. Environmental ba	alance.
2. Semi-transparen	it materials.
[B] What happens if	
1. A chameleon feel	Company of the Compan
2. You approach a r	north pole of a magnet to a south pole of another magne
3. Mixing the seven	spectrum colours.
[C] How can you sepa	rate the following mixtures ?
1. A mixture of salt i	
2. A mixture of sand	I and water.
3. A mixture of iron	nails and sand.
***************************************	***************************************
Kafr El-Sheikh Go	vernorate Directorate of Education
wer the following que	estions :
Complete the following	ng sentences :
 Red, green and blue 	coloured lights are called
0 1 11	while unlike poles each other.
The Property of the Country of the December of the Property of the Country of the	Company of the Compan
3. On mixing all the sev	ven spectrum colours, the is produced.
 On mixing all the set A mixture can be for 	ven spectrum colours, the is produced. med by stirring, or
 On mixing all the set A mixture can be for 	ven spectrum colours, the is produced.
3. On mixing all the set 4. A mixture can be for 5	ven spectrum colours, the is produced. med by stirring, or
3. On mixing all the set 4. A mixture can be for 5	ven spectrum colours, the is produced. med by stirring, or Solubility process Solution.
3. On mixing all the set 4. A mixture can be for 5	ven spectrum colours, the is produced. med by stirring, or Solubility process Solution.

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2	. Mosquitoes cause	 disease to man. 			
	a. elephantiasis	b. malaria	c. bilharziasis		
3	. A salty solution is conside	red a/an mix	ture.		
	a. homogeneous	b. heterogeneous	c. identical		
4	. We can see things as a re	sult of of ligh	nt rays.		
	a. refraction	b. reflection	c. absorption		
5	can change its co	olour to stimulate the	colours of the surroundi	ng	
Do	environment.				
-0	a. Bee	b. Chameleon	c. Ascaris worm		
6	. The coil of a dynamo is m	ade of wire.			
	a. copper	b. graphite	c. iron		
7	is used to separa	ite a mixture of oil and	d water.		
	a. Magnetic attraction	b. Evaporation	c. Separating funn	el	
8	. The animal that devours a	nother animal is calle	ed a		
	a. prey.	b. host.	c. predator.		
	 The darkened area for opaque object. The space around the Materials which you can A tool that is used for land 	magnet in which the an see objects clearly locating the four main	magnetic force appears (behind them. (geographical directions (3.	····)
	6. The relationship between	sen two organisms th		CI.	\
re	B] Give reasons for :				1
r.	Water is considered as	s a common solvent			
	1. Water is considered a	s a common solvent.			1100
	2. Images can be formed	by using narrow hole	es.		
4 [/	A] Put (√) or (x):				
	1. There is no relationship	p between living orga	nisms.	()
	2. Carton paper is an opa	aque object.		()
	3. Filtration and magnetic	attraction are ways f	for mixture formation.	()
104		THE PERSON OF T		74.	54



 Magnetism is concentred. The moon seems luming A natural magnet is on 	ous because it reflect	:
[B] How can the following r 1. Sand and water.		d?
2. Iron nails in sand.		
El-Behira Governo	ate El-Sof	wa Private Schools
wer the following question		
1. Opaque objects		transparent objects
	arasites, while	is from external parasites.
3 and are		
4. Predation process	The contract of the property of the contract o	S.
5. ····is pure substance	e.	
[A] Choose the correct ans	wer:	
1. In dynamo, kinetic ene	ergy changes to	···· energy.
a. electric b. lig	ht c. magne	etic d. sound
2. All the following are from	om transparent materi	ials except
a. carton b. gla	ass. c. water.	d. air.
3. By mixing all spectrum	colours colo	our is produced.
a. magenta b. bla	c. white	d. blue
4. Spoon seems broken	in a cup containing wa	ater due to
a. light reflection.	b. light s	plitting.
c. light refraction.	d. light tr	ravels in straight line.
B] Compare between :		
	gnetic materials	Non-magnetic materials
F.O.C	grietic materials	Non-magnetic materials
Definition :		

العداصر علوم لغات (Step by Step & Final Exams) / ه ب/ تيرم ١ (م: ١٤)

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ړ9

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Examples:

موقع والكرواي التعليمي

الصف الخامس الايتدائي

[A] Write the scientific ter	m:	
	gnet where the magnetic for	ce is most powerful.
1. The regions of the me	ignot who o the magnetic to	(
2. A darkened area that	formed when light falls on ar	,
		(
3. The natural area inclu	iding living organisms and no	laboritar (CF
		(
4. Substances that are n	nade up of only one type of id	entical particles.
	do.	(
5. The light energy that	can be seen.	(
[B] Mention the function of	f each of the following:	
1. Glass prism.		
2. Filter paper.		
[A] Choose the correct an		
744 MO. 177	hanged freely it will take the	25 30 30 300
a. north and east.	b. north and south.	
	image which formed through	
	b. small and upright.	
3 ejects a bla by its enemies.	ck colour fluid in the surroun	ding water when attacke
a. Frog	b. Butterfly	c. Sepia
When you mix two o is called	r more kinds of matter togeth	er, the produced matter
a. element.	b. compound.	c. mixture.
	Call Cillians	4
[B] What happens in each	case of the following ?	
	net to a mixture of sand and i	ron nails.
1. Approaching a magr		

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لمزيد من أعمالنا تفضل بزيارة موقعنا على الانترنت https://www.zakrooly.com

Tro carractingator better	en the component		
 a. homogeneous mixture. 		. С	heterogeneous
Wood is a an ma			
a. transparent	b. opaque	C	semi-transparer
is considered as		æ	75 H00 74 100 72 5 70 0 11
a. Milk	b. Baking	soda c	Distilled water
Correct the underlined	words:		
1. Opaque material allow	ws most light to pa	ass through	it. (
2. Cyan, yellow and mag	genta are <u>primary</u>	coloured l	ights. (·······
3. Fleas cause anaemia	to human.		(
4. Copper and iron are r	non-magnetic mat	erials.	(
Match each mixture wit	th the suitable m	ethod of s	eparation :
(A)	Me Africano	pill or pet	(B) bask t
1. Salty solution		a. by filtra	ation.
2. Sand and water		b. by eva	poration.
3. Iron filings and sand		c. by sep	arating funnel.
4. Mixture of oil and wa		d. by ma	gnetic attraction.
		e. by stir	ring.
			97
1 2	3.		4
1 2 El-Minia Governor	A STATE OF THE STA		guage School
El-Minia Governor	rate Ka		Committee of the later of the l
El-Minia Governor	rate Ko		Committee of the later of the l
El-Minia Governor er the following question Choose the correct and	rate Kar	wmia Lan	guage School
El-Minia Governor	rate Kar	wmia Lan	guage School
El-Minia Governor er the following question Choose the correct and 1 ejects a black	ns: swer:	wmia Lan	juage School ing water when a
El-Minia Governor er the following question Choose the correct and 1 ejects a black by its enemies.	rate Konns: swer: ck colour fluid in the	e surround	juage School ing water when a
El-Minia Governor er the following question Choose the correct and ejects a black by its enemies. a. Frog b. 2. Red, green and blue	rate Konns: swer: ck colour fluid in the	e surround	guage School ing water when a
El-Minia Governor er the following question Choose the correct and ejects a black by its enemies. a. Frog b. 2. Red, green and blue	rate Konnes: swer: ck colour fluid in the Sepia chights are secondary chimatens.	e surround Chameled	guage School ing water when a



2 Part

2+2

4. The carton paper is a/an mat	erial.
---------------------------------	--------

- a. opaque
- b. transparent
- c. semi-transparent
- 5. The substance which dissolves in a solvent is called
 - a. solute.
- b. mixture.
- c. solution.

[B] Compare between:

Points of comparison	Regular reflection	Irregular reflection	
Definition :			
Examples :			

2	IAI	Correct	the	underlined	words in	each	of the	following	statements
U 77 10	400		-				-		

- 3. Solubility decreases by shaking and rising the temperature. (.................................)

[B] Mention the kind of food relationship between each of the following:

- Nodular bacteria and bean plant.

 Sponge and tiny aquatic living organisms.

 (-------------)
- 3. Bilharzia worm and human.

[C] Mention the function of:

Electric magnet.

[A] Write the scientific term :

- 4. A tool that is used for locating the main four geographical directions.

(.....)

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[B] Give reasons for :

- Air is considered as a mixture.
- Predation is a temporary food relationship.

[A] Choose from (B) which is suitable for (A):

(A)	(B)
1. Salty solution	a. is called common solvent.
2. Oil and water mixture	b. can by separated by a magnet.
3. Iron filings and sand mixture	c. can be separated by evaporation.
4. Pure water	d. can by separated by separating funnel.

[B] What happens if ... ?

- 1. Absence of saprophytic organisms.
- White light passes through a glass prism.

تفوقك في أي مذكرة عليها العلامة دي مركاتها العلامة دي مذكرة عليها العلامة دي مدكرة عليها العلامة ال

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PART TWO

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Final Exams 2020

25 Final Exams of some Schools Governorates.



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an)

 [A] Put (√) or (x) and correct the wrong: 1. Red, green and yellow are primitive colours. 2. Bilharzia is example of external parasite. 3. Like magnetic poles repel. 4. By increase temperature solubility time decrease. 		28 1
 Bilharzia is example of external parasite. Like magnetic poles repel. 	# #	
3. Like magnetic poles repel.	4	(
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(
A Ry increase temperature colubility time decrease	× v	(
그렇게 되는 가게 없는 가게 하면 가게 하는 사람들이 있다. 그리는 이번 가게 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다. 그리는 이번 사람이 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다면 그 사람이 되었다.	an ma S	(
5. Yellow banana absorbs the all spectrum colors and re	flects green colo	ur. (
6. There is dark shadow for clear water.		(
B] What is the function of ?	9 ac	
1. Compass.	=	
2 Compuficac for from		
2. Camouflage for frog.		
3. Stirring.		
4. It is the balance among the components of ecosystem. 5. Materials allow some coloured light to pass through	them. (····	
6. A darkened area formed when light falls on an opac	lue object. (
B] What happens when ?	2 N	
1 Plue light strikes red glass sheet		
Blue light strikes red glass sheet.		
Blue light strikes red glass sheet. Mixed a little amount of oil in water.		
2. Mixed a little amount of oil in water. 3. Sunlight falls on a plane mirror.		
2. Mixed a little amount of oil in water. 3. Sunlight falls on a plane mirror.		
2. Mixed a little amount of oil in water.	nd.	

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\$ \$	relationship among living organisms.	ne type of	1
	 Fruit salad is an example of mixture while soda wa example of mixture. 	ter is an	
	5. From examples artificial magnets is while while	is temporary	1
	6. Light into seven colours when passes through pris	m, but it	
[B]	What is meant by ?		89
	Coloured opaque object appear with its own colour.	······································	. .
	2. Solvent.		
335			
	3. Pure substance.	W .**	

4. [A] Complete the table :

Name	The relation	The name of organism
1. Wolf and rabbit	(a)	The prey is (are)
Nodular bacteria and bean plant	(b)	The benefit organism (or organisms)
3. Mosquito and man	(c)	The parasite is (are)

[B] Give reasons for :

- Magnet attracts iron paper clips but it does not attract copper wire.
- Sugar dissolves in 300 ml of water faster than in 150 ml of water.
- White light is mixture colour not primitive colour light.

2 Cairo Governorate

El-Amal Language Schools

Answer the following questions:

1. [A] Complete the following sentences :

 The food relationship in which both organisms get benefit from each other is known as



96

B] What happens when ? Light falls on a shiny surface 	9.
	······································
2. Bacteria completely disappe	ar.
3. A strong magnet is put close	to a piece of wood.
A] Correct the underlined word	s:
1. Disc drive and electric mixer	contain <u>dynamo</u> . (
2. The object seems black as in	t <u>reflects</u> all the light colors. (
3. The solubility speed decrea	ses by shaking and rising
the temperature.	(
4. Two different kinds of living	organisms, where one of them benefits from
4. Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is h	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases
 Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is h is <u>saprophytism</u>. 	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases
4. Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is h	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases
 Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is h is <u>saprophytism</u>. 	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases (
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 Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is h is <u>saprophytism</u>. 	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases then: Wrought Iron nail Fon filings
4. Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is his saprophytism. 3] Study the following figures, the figure (A)	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases then: Wrought Iron nail Iron fillings Figure (B)
4. Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is his saprophytism. 3] Study the following figures, the figure (A)	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases then: Wrought Iron nail For filings
4. Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is his saprophytism. 3] Study the following figures, the Figure (A) The figure represents the	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases then: Wrought Iron nail Iron fillings Figure (B)
4. Two different kinds of living of the other while the other is his saprophytism. 3] Study the following figures, to	organisms, where one of them benefits from narmed and infects with diseases then: Wrought from nail Figure (B) The figure represents the

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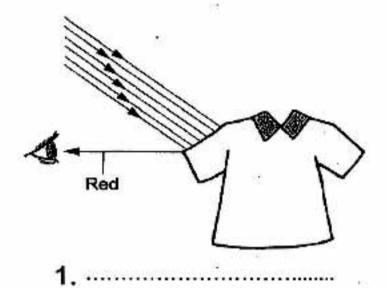
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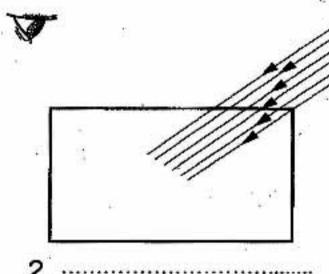
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3. [A] Write the scientific term :

- 1. A relation between two living organisms that benefit from each other. (......)
- 2. A substance that consists of more than one type of particles. (......)

[B] What is the colour of the body in each case ... ?





[C] Mention the relation between:

- 1. Lion and deer.
- Sponge and the tiny aquatic living organisms.

4. [A] Choose from column (A) what is suitable it from column (B) :

(A)	(B)
1. Salt solution	a. opaque material.
2. Carton	b. travels in straight line.
3. Mushroom fungus	c. reflects light.
4. Light	d. from saprophytes.
	e. mixture.

[B] Show how can you separate the following :

- 1. Sand Water mixture.
- 2. Iron fillings from sand.

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[C] Compare between :

Points of comparison	Primary coloured lights	Secondary coloured lights
Definition :	①	
Examples :		

3 Cairo Governorate

Nozha Language Schools

Answer the following questions:

1.	ΓΔ1	Choose	the	correct	answer	
		C110026	rue	Correct	answei	

1. Mixing all the primary coloured lights gives

a. black light.

- b. white light.
- c. red light.
- 2. The speed of the solubility process by increasing the temperature.
 - a. increases
- b. decreases
- c. doesn't change

3. The magnet has poles.

a. 4

b. 3

- C. 2
- 4. Bilharziasis disease is caused by
 - a. bilharzia worm.
- b. filaria worm.
- c. mosquito.
- 5. The nearer objects to the light source has the shadow.
 - a. smaller

b. bigger

- c. fainted
- 6.is the food relationship that occurs between predator and prey.
 - a. Symbiosis
- b. Saprophytism
- c. Predation
- 7. The white light splits intocolours.
 - a. 3

b. 6

c. 7

[B] Mention the name only of the following tool or process :

- 1. It is used to separate sand from water :
- 2. It is used to determine the four main direction :
- 3. It is used to separate the oil from water solution :

[C] What happens it ... ?

1. The electric current flows through a coil twisted around an iron nail.

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.......



موقع والكرواني التعليب

الصف الخامس الايتدائي

- [A] Write the scientific term :	
1000	1. The light energy that can be seen. (·········	:
	2. A natural area including living organisms and non living things. (
	3. The substance that is made of only one type of identical particles. (
	4. A phenomenon in which harmless living organism imitate other harmful poisonous living organisms to frighten their enemies and escape from (l or the
	5. It is the main source of light on the Earth. (
rBi	Correct the underlined words :	8
	1. Rainbow is the darkened area that formed as a result of	*1 *3
	light falling on an opaque object. (
	2. The dynamo changes the electric energy into magnetic energy. (····
	3. Wolf and ascaris hide from enemies by changing its colour	
	to simulate the surrounding environment. (
	4. The Prism is used in electric bells and to lift tons of steel or iron. (
	5. Bouncing of light when it falls on a surface is called light refraction.	
	5. Bouncing of light when it falls on a surface is called light refraction.	·····
	i . (
	omplete the following sentences :	······
1.	omplete the following sentences : The clear water is a material while wood is material.	·····
1. 2.	omplete the following sentences: The clear water is a material while wood is material. In salty solution, salt is the while water is the	
1. 2. 3.	omplete the following sentences : The clear water is a material while wood is material.	
1. 2. 3. 4.	omplete the following sentences: The clear water is a	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	omplete the following sentences: The clear water is a material while wood is material. In salty solution, salt is the while water is the	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	The clear water is a	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	mplete the following sentences: The clear water is a	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	mplete the following sentences: The clear water is a	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	mplete the following sentences: The clear water is a	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	mplete the following sentences: The clear water is a	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	The clear water is a	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	mplete the following sentences: The clear water is a	



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[B] Choose from column (A) what is suitable it from column (B):

 a. make their food during photosynthesis process b. is considered from the insectivorous.
c. is a food relationship between two living
organisms where one of them get benefits from the other while the other neither gets benefit nor harmed.
d. is considered as an external parasitism.

[C] Give reasons for :

- Milk is a mixture.
- 2. We must wear white clothes in summer.

Cairo Governorate

Basateen and Dar El-Salem Educational Administration

Answer the following questions:

[A] Choose the correct answer :

- 1. A sheet of aluminium foil is an example for material.
 - a. transparent

b. opaque

c. translucent

- d. all the previous
- 2. Light travels in straight lines. This principle is the idea of making
- a. electric iron. b. radio. c. electric heater. d. camera.
- 3. If you put an object at a distance of 20 cm in front of a mirror, the distance between the image and the object equals
 - a. 10 cm.
- b. 20 cm.
- c. 30 cm.
- d. 40 cm.
- 4. The speed of light in air is that in water,
 - a. faster than

b. slower than

c. equal to

- b. half
- 5. Which of the following is magnetic material?
 - a. Chalk.
- b. Nail.
- c. Paper.
- d. Glass.
- 6. The dynamo generates energy from mechanical energy.
 - a. thermal
- b. electrical
- c. light
- d. magnetic

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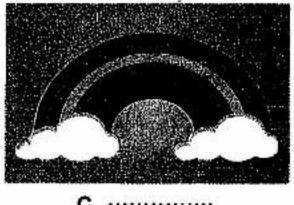


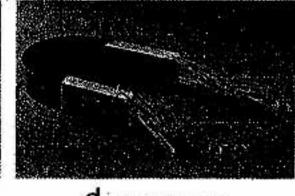
الصف الخامس الايتدائي

* S	The magnet which	is made by the e	ffect of electricity is ca	lled
	 a. natural magnet. 	b. electromagn	et. c. magnetic.	d. b and c
	The process of pho	otosynthesis is do	ne by living o	organism.
	a. consumer	b. producer	c. decomposer	d. saprophyte
[B] How can the following	ng mixtures can	be separated :	
	1. Paper clips and flo	ur :		
	2. Mud in water : ·······			
7. TA] Write the scientific t	erm ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*
	1. A tool used to ident		anhical direction	
	2. The materials that		7.0	(
	3. The natural area th			*
	4. An apparatus used			
TR:	What happens when		iooibio iiqaia iiiixta oo.	
[D	1. You suspend a bar		frooly	¥ 89
	1. Tou susperiu a bai	magnet to move		
	2. Mixing green and b	lue lights.		
. [A] Put (√) or (x) in fro	nt of the followi	ng statements :	
	1. When the white ligh			liaht. (
	2. The image formed		and the same of the same in the same of the same and the same of t	''() :
	3. The north pole of a			
	4. Blue, green and red	있는 경기 (10명) 경기 (10명) 이 시간 (10명) (10명) (10명) (10명)		ì
(B)	Identify the type of the	9099 66 54 6699		anisms using one
A	of these choices : (Pre	[1] 그렇게 되었다. [4] 하시고 [4] 하시네요. [1] 하시네요.	[1982] 11	THE CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY O
	1. Bilharizia worm and			(
	2. Lion and deer.			· (······
	Nodular bacteria ar	ST-12	nous plants.	
	Bread mold fungus.	11.2	±>	(









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B] Gi	ve reasons for :		8.55 No. 1	<u>\$</u> 1
1.	You can see your	r image on a plane	mirror.	(1) #1 (2) #1

2.	The formation of	shadow.		*
**				
444	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	·	***************************************	
	Cairo Govern	orate	Nasr Official languag	e School
wer	the following que	estions :	14 19 FG	£ 5
A] CI	noose the correc	t answer :	89	m
1.	All the following n	naterials are not at	tracted to the magnet	except
	a. plastic.	b. paper.	c. glass.	d. nickel.
2.	All the following a	re external parasit	es except	
	a. lice.	b. ticks.	c. liver worm.	d. lamprey.
3.	The dynamo gene	eratesen	ergy from the mechan	ical energy.
	a. heat	b. electric	c. light	d. kinetic
4.	When light passe	s from water to air	, light is	9 6 8 ₂ 8
	a. reflected.	b. analyzed.	c. refracted.	b. collected
5.	The solvent in a r	mixture of chocolat	e and milk is	220 1 .0 ±4
	a. milk.	b. chocolate.	c. water.	d. oil.
6.	43 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	ause a disturbanc	e to the environmental	balance
	except	2005	h notural change	•
	a. cutting down trc. disappearance	500.00	 b. natural change d. saprophytes. 	s. , ,
	#.J.*	or organisms.	d. sapropriytes.	* g =
19220	ve reasons for :	a		
1.	riants are called	autotrophic organi	SITIS.	9
2.	A banana fruit se	ems yellow when s	sunlight falls on it.	
_	Air is considered			



ړ9



 2. [A] Complete the following sentences: 	•		
in living organisms. 2. The object's image formed through narrow holes is	Z. [A]		
3. Predators help preys in getting rid of			predation
4. The like poles ——each other, whereas the unlike poles ——each othe [B] What is the importance ? 1. Electromagnet : 2. Glass prism : 1. A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (2. The object's image formed through narrow holes is and	
4. The like poles ——each other, whereas the unlike poles ——each othe [B] What is the importance ? 1. Electromagnet : 2. Glass prism : 1. A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (8	3. Predators help preys in getting rid of or member	ers.
[B] What is the importance ? 1. Electromagnet: 2. Glass prism: 1. A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (2. A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object. (3. The space around a magnet in which the magnetic force appears. (4. The natural area which includes living organisms and non-living things. 5. The temporary food relationship that ends by devouring the prey or a part of it. 6. A set is used to separate water − oil mixture. [B] Mention the kind of food relationship between each of the following: 1. Nodular bacteria and bean plant: 2. Fungi and dead organisms: [C] What will happen when? 1. A magnet is hanged to move freely. 2. Mixing red colour with green colour. 4. [A] Put (✓) or (✗) in front of the following statements: 1. The black opaque objects absorb all the light colours and reflect their own colour only. 2. Blue, green and red lights are primary coloured lights. 3. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. (4. The like poles each other, whereas the unlike poles	each othe
1. Electromagnet: 2. Glass prism: 1. A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (2. A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object. (3. The space around a magnet in which the magnetic force appears. (4. The natural area which includes living organisms and non-living things. (5. The temporary food relationship that ends by devouring the prey or a part of it. (6. A set is used to separate water → oil mixture. ([B] Mention the kind of food relationship between each of the following: 1. Nodular bacteria and bean plant: 2. Fungi and dead organisms: [C] What will happen when? 1. A magnet is hanged to move freely. 2. Mixing red colour with green colour. 4. [A] Put (✓) or (×) in front of the following statements: 1. The black opaque objects absorb all the light colours and reflect their own colour only. (2. Blue, green and red lights are primary coloured lights. (3. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. ([B]	14 (E)	39 ₁₀
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 [A] Write the scientific term: A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object. (The space around a magnet in which the magnetic force appears. (The natural area which includes living organisms and non-living things. (The temporary food relationship that ends by devouring the prey or a part of it. A set is used to separate water – oil mixture. ([B] Mention the kind of food relationship between each of the following: 		······································	
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 1, A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (2. A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object. (3. The space around a magnet in which the magnetic force appears. (4. The natural area which includes living organisms and non-living things. (5. The temporary food relationship that ends by devouring the prey or a part of it. (6. A set is used to separate water − oil mixture. ([B] Mention the kind of food relationship between each of the following: 1. Nodular bacteria and bean plant: 2. Fungi and dead organisms: [C] What will happen when? 1. A magnet is hanged to move freely. Mixing red colour with green colour. [A] Put (✓) or (x) in front of the following statements: 1. The black opaque objects absorb all the light colours and reflect their own colour only. (2. Blue, green and red lights are primary coloured lights. (3. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. (•	
 A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object. (3. [A]	Write the scientific term :	
 A darkened area formed when light falls on an opaque object. (1. A set that is used for locating the main four geographical directions. (
 4. The natural area which includes living organisms and non-living things. (
non-living things. 5. The temporary food relationship that ends by devouring the prey or a part of it. 6. A set is used to separate water – oil mixture. [B] Mention the kind of food relationship between each of the following: 1. Nodular bacteria and bean plant: 2. Fungi and dead organisms: [C] What will happen when? 1. A magnet is hanged to move freely. 2. Mixing red colour with green colour. [A] Put (✓) or (x) in front of the following statements: 1. The black opaque objects absorb all the light colours and reflect their own colour only. 2. Blue, green and red lights are primary coloured lights. 3. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. (3. The space around a magnet in which the magnetic force appears. (····
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 [C] What will happen when? 1. A magnet is hanged to move freely. 2. Mixing red colour with green colour. [A] Put (√) or (x) in front of the following statements: 1. The black opaque objects absorb all the light colours and reflect their own colour only. (2. Blue, green and red lights are primary coloured lights. 3. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. 		TORN AND THE	
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Blue, green and red lights are primary coloured lights. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. (their own
3. As the temperature of a solvent increases the solubility time decreases. (· ;
			ases: (
· ·			



middle.	70 sec 9 se	. C
B] How can you separate the 1. Paper clips and flour :	0.00	
2. Salt and water (salt soluti	ion):	
C] Compare between :		
Opaque material	s Tra	insparent materials
L		
Cairo Governorate	Manaret El-E	man Language School
wer the following questions	* ·	
hoose the correct answer :	70 E	
. All the following are examples	of mixtures except	**
. 7 th the following are example:	5 (1) 1111411111115 114(11)	**********
a concrete.		
a. concrete. 2. Dinosaurs are extinct animals	b. milk.	c. sugar.
. Dinosaurs are extinct animals	b. milk.	
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. 	b. milk. s due tob. over hunting.	
Dinosaurs are extinct animalsa. pollution.c. change in natural condition	b. milk. s due tob. over hunting.	
Dinosaurs are extinct animalsa. pollution.c. change in natural condition	b. milk. s due tob. over hunting.	
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition The primary colours are red, a. magenta. 	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. n. blue and b. green.	c. sugar.
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition The primary colours are red, a. magenta. 	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. n. blue and b. green.	c. sugar.
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition. The primary colours are red, a. magenta. The food relation between ca a. parasitism. 	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. h. blue and b. green. t and rat is an example b. predation.	c. sugar. c. yellow. e of c. symbiosis.
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition. The primary colours are red, a. magenta. The food relation between ca a. parasitism. 	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. h. blue and b. green. t and rat is an example b. predation.	c. sugar. c. yellow. e of c. symbiosis.
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition. The primary colours are red, a. magenta. The food relation between ca a. parasitism. The mixture of iron filings and a. magnetic attraction. 	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. h. green. t and rat is an example b. predation. sand can be separated b. evaporation.	c. sugar. c. yellow. e of c. symbiosis. d by
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition. The primary colours are red, a. magenta. The food relation between ca a. parasitism. The mixture of iron filings and a. magnetic attraction. 	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. h. green. t and rat is an example b. predation. sand can be separated b. evaporation.	c. sugar. c. yellow. e of c. symbiosis. d by
Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition The primary colours are red, a. magenta. The food relation between ca a. parasitism. The mixture of iron filings and a. magnetic attraction. A black opaque object a. absorbs	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. h. green. t and rat is an example b. predation. sand can be separated b. evaporation all the light colours. b. reflects	c. yellow. e of c. symbiosis. d by c. filtration.
 Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition. The primary colours are red, a. magenta. The food relation between ca a. parasitism. The mixture of iron filings and a. magnetic attraction. A black opaque object	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. h. green. t and rat is an example b. predation. sand can be separated b. evaporation all the light colours. b. reflects	c. yellow. e of c. symbiosis. d by c. filtration.
2. Dinosaurs are extinct animals a. pollution. c. change in natural condition b. The primary colours are red, a. magenta. c. The food relation between ca a. parasitism. c. The mixture of iron filings and a. magnetic attraction. c. A black opaque object a. absorbs c. The natural magnet is one of	b. milk. s due to b. over hunting. h. green. t and rat is an example b. predation. sand can be separated b. evaporation all the light colours. b. reflects the	c. yellow. e of c. symbiosis. d by c. filtration. c. refracts

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الصف الخامس الايتدائي

11 6	
RT	(7)
P	(3)

8. The coil of the dynamo is r	nade up of	
a. plastic.	b. carbon.	c. copper.
9. Mixing red and blue gives		
a. cyan.	b. magenta.	c. yellow.
10. Bilharzia worm is an	····· parasite.	
a. external	b. internal	c. both
11. A water pond is a	ecosystem:	2
a. small	b.,large	c. very large
12. Solution is a		
a. mixture.	b. solid.	c. pure substance.
rain fall. 3. Some types of mosquir 4. The speed of solubility	toes infect with by increasing sti	
[B] Mention one importance 1. Glass prism :	rior the following r	
2. Electromagnet :		
3. Evaporation process :		
[C] If you have a piece of iro between them (by using		low can you differentiate
IDI Define		
[D] Define ?		* * *
1. Energy:		
AND THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONT		
AND THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONT		
Energy : Magnetic material :		
Energy: Magnetic material: [A] Write the scientific term		
Energy: Magnetic material: [A] Write the scientific term	the electric current by usi	ng a magnet and a coil.
Energy: Magnetic material: [A] Write the scientific term		M 757



Phenomenon in w	hich organisms simulate the colour of the environmen	it.
35 PC)
The natural area t	hat includes living organisms and non-living things.	
32)
4. The light that is pro	oduced by mixing two primary coloured lights. (·······)
A set used to sepa	rate oil from water. ()
A tool that is used	for locating geographic direction. ()
7. The substance in	which the solute dissolves. (·····)
[B] Give reasons for :		
1. Shadow is formed	when light falls on an opaque object.	
2. The pen appears I	broken in glass of water.	
[C] Correct the underlin	ned words :	
1. Alcohol is a comr	non solvent.)
2. Natural magnet is	a red rock.)
3. Solubility speed d	ecreases by rising the temperature. (*
. [A] Put (√) or (≭) :		
 The Sun is the ma 	in source of light on the Earth. ()
Pure substance is of identical particle	the substance that is made of only one type es.)
3. Water, alcohol and	benzene are examples for solvents. ()
4. Filtration process	is used to separate solid materials that are soluble	
in water.)
Vegetable salad is	considered to be a homogeneous mixture. ()
[B] Choose from colum	n (A) what's suitable it from column (B) :	74
(A)	(B)	
1. Jawless lamprey	a. is an internal parasite.	1
2. Light refraction	b. changes mechanical energy into electric energy.	
3. Light reflection	c. is the return back of light when it falls on an object.	
4. Electric generator	d. is the change of direction of light ray when it	
+	enters a new medium at an angle.	
5. Ascaris worm	e. is an external parasite.	



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[C] What happens if ?	26
Red colour light falls on a white ball.	96 <u>*</u>
1. I tou colour light land on a write ball.	
2. When a magnet is hanged freely to	move.
······································	** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Giza Governorate ∃	Agoza Educational Directorate
Answer the following questions :	
1. [A] Complete the following sentences :	(a) (b)
1. The spectrum colours start with	and end with
Bilharzia worms hurt man and are no organisms they hurt are called	
Iron filings and sand can be separate can be separated by	ed by while sand and water
4. Mixing and Coloure	ed lights gives vellow colour.
[B] What happens if ?	
Putting the north poles of a magnet nea	ar the south note of another magnet
·······	
2. [A] Write the scientific term :	
The relationship between a lion and	a deer
Tools used to locate the main four directions	
A process used to separate salt from	annermen pro-
5.25 g 시간 및	An extension contracts. The second contracts are second contracts.
AHC)	falls on an opaque object. ()
[B] Correct the underlined words:	
1. Magenta is <u>a primary</u> colour.	()
Bread mold fungus is considered as	aparasite. ()
3. [A] Choose the correct answer :	
1. Light travels in lines.	E II
a. curved	b. straight
c. zigzag	d. curved and zigzage
Plants that can't make their protein a	
a. hosts.	
	b. insectivorous plant.
c. preys.	d. parasites.

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3is a mag	netic material.		10 Mg W
a. Gold	b. Iron	c. Copper	d. Aluminium
4. The material that	dissolves to produ-	ce solution is called	
a. mixture.	b. solvent.	c. solute.	d. compound.
[B] Give reasons for :	7	201	
1. Water is called a	common solvent?		
*			
2. Electromagnet is	considered a temp	orary magnet?	* X
	••••••••••		
4. [A] Put () or (x):			10 M
1. White paper abso	orbs all colours.	8895 AL 164	()
2. Some types of me	osquitoes infect ma	n with malaria dise	ase. ()
3. Magnetism is alw	ays related with ele	ectricity.	()
4. The direction of fi	reely moving magn	et is north - south d	irection. ()
[B] Mention one use of	21 22 27 A.D.	575	
1. Glass prism :	8		- F
	•		
2. Electromagnet :	54		
***************************************	***************************************		
8 Giza Govern	orate	Child Home Langue	age School
Answer the following que	estions :		
1. Complete the following		Ų.	
Factors affecting solution	75	and .	Super Control of the
2. The magnet has		0000000 FF (FF (FF 0))	
3. The white light consi	to the control of the	and	
4. Mixing red and gree	*	light colour	
5. Water and clear glas		- in the	er is media.
6. The is the r		BAST	. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
7. When light falls on a	376	3	
8 is an exam	2000 - 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		<u> </u>
2. [A] Give reasons for :			
1. The green plants	are autotrophic ore	anieme	
, it in green plants		amanna.	
81	12		(109)



3. We must increase the number of coil turn	ns in the ele	ctromag	net.	
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	+			
3] Give one example for :	e e			
Large ecosystem :				1 .
		••••••	•••••	
Non-magnetic substance :			(4)	
*	•••••••		************	••••••
3. Non-living component of ecosystem :				

4. Pure substance :		52		¥ =
A] Write the scientific term :			194	
 Mixing two primary coloured light blue ar 	nd red produ	ices.	(
2. Food relationship in which two organisms	s get benefi	t.	(
3. The change in the direction of light rays	when they p	ass thro	ugh two)
transparent medium.			(
The light energy that can be seen.		\$ ·	(· ····	••••••
B] Write one use for :		81		
1. Compass :	848		50	
			······	
2. Electromagnet :	5%	F in		
***************************************	••••••			······
3. Dynamo :	A.	*:	\$1 23	
4 Oleve adam :		************		
4. Glass prism :			1070111111111111111	rt is Commons
				1
A] Put (✓) or (ϫ) :	\$** \$**	60 60		3
 Food relation in which decomposers get their 	r food by de	compos	ing foo	d
remains is known as saprophytism.	17		Ħ1	(
. Shark is an example of predator animal.				(
. Similar magnetic poles repel each other.			-	(
. Wood is an example of translucent material.			1.0	(.

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[B] What happens	s if ?		*(2 *)
1. Light rays fa	all on shiny surface.	2	
	•••••		
2. You move a	wire between two pole	s of a magnet.	
4			***************************************
3. The amount	of the solute increases	S.	

g Giza Gov	ernorate	6 th October Educ	ational Zone
swer the followin	g questions :	(4	
[A] Complete the	following sentences :	\$ E	
1. The spectru	m colours starts with	····· and end with)
2. The dynamo	changes the	energy into	·· energy.
Examples o	f opaque materials are	and	
4. Mixing	······ and ······ colou	red lights gives yell	ow colour.
5. Like poles ··	····· each other whe	ere dislikes poles	each other.
[B] Show how yo	u can separate the fol	lowing mixtures ?	.v
1. Salt from sa	Ity water.	20 E S	
Iron filings fi	rom sand.	ia ia ia	
***************************************		+	
[A] Choose the c	orrect answer :	+	
1. Light travels	s in a ·····line.		
a. curved	b. straight	c. zigzag	d. curved
2 is a	magnetic material.	* W	
a. Gold	b. Iron	c. Copper	d. Aluminium
3. An example	s of decomposers is the	e	
a. fungi.	b. rabbits.	c. plants.	d. lions.
4. If you look a	t a yellow banana throu	igh a green glass si	heet it seems
a. yellow.	b. green.	c. black.	d. red.
840		79	(111)





2. Air is a mixture.	in the second se	
Z. All is a mixture.		
[A] Write the scientific term :		*
Any natural area contains living or	rganisms and non-living	things (
2. The main source of light on the E		(
3. A device used to locate the four	The second secon	
4. The darkened area formed as a		The state of the s
4. The damened area formed as a	roodit or raining light on	(
A phenomena where living organ enemies.	nisms can change its c	olour to hide from
B] Mention one use of :	** ** ***	W _m
1. The electromagnet :		Hell 1885
2. Glass prism :		
A] What happens when ?	A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	22 %
 If there are no predators. 	Vii	99
***************************************	***************************************	
The light when it falls on a smoot	th bright surface.	ne de la companion de la compa
D1 0		
B] Correct the underlined words:	: t	
Solubility speed <u>decrease</u> by risi		. (
2. Ascaris worms are <u>external</u> para		(
Insectivorous plants cannot make		(
4 Alaskal is called a servera acti	ent.	, (
4. Alcohol is called a common solv		

1. [A] Complete the following sentences :

(112)



Green plants are organisms. [B] Name the equipment that can be used in this case:		
Converting of mechanical energy into electric energy.		
[A] Put (✓) or (✗) and correct the wrong one :	* .	
Yellow, magenta and cyan are primary light colours.	(
2. Light transmits in straight lines.	. (
3. The oil and water can be separated by filtration.	(
4. Fungi feeding on the dead organisms bodies is called saproph	yte. (•••
[B] Give reasons for :		
The moon can't be considered as a source of light.		
2. Air is a mixture.	s ¹	*
[A] How can you separate the following mixtures ? 1. Sand solution.		
- 프로그스 프로그램 프로그램 프로그램 프로그램 프로그램 프로그램 프로그램 프로그램		
1. Sand solution.		
1. Sand solution. 2. Paper clips and flour.		
1. Sand solution. 2. Paper clips and flour. 3. Salty solution. 4. Water containing mud.		
1. Sand solution. 2. Paper clips and flour. 3. Salty solution.		
 Sand solution. Paper clips and flour. Salty solution. Water containing mud. [B] Write one difference between the following:		
1. Sand solution. 2. Paper clips and flour. 3. Salty solution. 4. Water containing mud. [B] Write one difference between the following: The magnetic and non-magnetic materials.		
 Sand solution. Paper clips and flour. Salty solution. Water containing mud. [B] Write one difference between the following:	a benefit to	
1. Sand solution. 2. Paper clips and flour. 3. Salty solution. 4. Water containing mud. [B] Write one difference between the following: The magnetic and non-magnetic materials. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. A temporary relationship between two different organisms with	(

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الصف الخامس الايتدائي

A 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	
3. A tool that is used for locating the	main four geographic directions.
	(
The material at which the solute d	isappear in it. (
[B] What happens if ?	#0 19
1. When you look at a spoon put in a	beaker contains water.

2. Cutting down of trees.	***************************************
Alexandria Governorate	East Alex. Educational Zone
nswer the following questions :	
[A] Complete the following sentences	
Like magnetic poles ······ each each other.	other, while unlike magnetic poles
2 and are ways of	self-defense against predation.
3. Light cannot pass through	· materials.
4 substance consists of one	e type of identical particles.
[B] Correct the underlined words :	2.55 (A)
1. Light travels in curved lines.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. The magnet has three poles.	·
3. Bread mold fungus is a predator.	(
[A] Write the scientific term for each of	of the following:
 The living organisms that clean the 	
dead bodies.	
A device which is used to change	
electric energy.	(
The objects that absorbs all light c	12
4. The commen solvent that has the	ability to dissolve several substances.
[B] What happens when ?	
 Passing of electric current in a coil 	around a rod of soft iron.
	······································
Heating salty water for a long time	

114



				20
. [A] Choose the correct answe	r:	F)	24	<i>V₀</i>
1. The jawless lamprey is a	nd nd		Ä	
a. host.	b. parasite.	°C.	predator.	
2. If you look at a red apple t				-
a. blue.	b. red.		black.	
3. A pencil is seen broken in	a cup of water di	ue to light	*********	600
a. refraction.	b reflection.	C.	separation	
 Solubility process is affect 	ed by			10.
a. heating.	b. stirring.	c.	heating and	d stirring
[B] Mention the kind of food re 1. Nodular bacteria and bear		ach the follo	wing:	
2. Sponge and tiny aquatic li	ving organisms.	***************************************		
 Distilled water - Mineral water Wood - Plastic - Iron - Gla Air - Clear water - Frosted 	SS.	salad - Fruit s	, (
[B] Give reasons for :			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Compass is used in planes.	I.	*	14	
[C] Mention the way of separat	ing the followin	g mixtures :		
Oil and water.	Š.	4 4	s 1	o di
2. Sand and iron filing.	**************************************	(* 8)		
12 Alexandria Governora	te El-G	omrok Educa	tional Zone	***
		// ***	,	
nswer the following questions :			947	
7 70 1 (7)			10	
nswer the following questions: [A] Choose the correct answer 1. The substance in which so			•	
[A] Choose the correct answer	olids dissolve is c		•	•

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	2. We can see objects due to	or light on them.	
¥-	a. reflection	b. refraction	•
	c. shadow	d. spectrum colours	
	A scientist who discovered that the relectrical energy	nagnetic energy can be cl	nanged into
	a. Newton.	b. Faraday.	, ilia
	c. William Gelbert.	d. Hasan ibn al-hath	am.
	4. An is any nature area includi	ng living organisms and no	n-living things.
	a. ecosystem b. artificial	c. saprophytes d.	1000
[B] Mention one use of :		
	1. Glass prism.		84

	2. Separating funnel.		75 TO
2. [A	Complete the following statements :		
	1 is considered a common so		\$2 78 4 \$77
	2. Increasing reduces the solu	AND PROMOTOR COST	57
	The food relationship in which one live know as	A THE STATE OF THE	other one is
	The like poles each other, wo other.	hereas the unlike poles	each
[E	B] Give reasons for :	#B (A)	
20	1. Some materials are called magnetic	materials.	
	2. Formation of images through narrow	holes.	
3. [A] Write the scientific term :		•
101	A set is used for locating the main for	ur geographical directions	()
	2. The phenomena in which a living org		our to hid
	from its enemies.		()
	3. The substance that consists of more	tnan one type of identical	2
			()
116		F4 52	# N



[B] Choose from column	ı (B) what	is suitable it fron	n column (A)
------------------------	------------	---------------------	--------------

(A)	(B)	差
1. Saprophytism	a. the relationship between man and worms.	
2. Mutualism	b. a relationship between fungi and food remains.	
3. Parasitism	c. the relationship between the nodular bactria and legumes plant.	120
	2 2	7.

4. [A] Correct the underlined wor	ds	:
-----------------------------------	----	---

- Sand and water mixtures can be separated by magnetic attraction.
- The electromagnet changes electric energy into heat energy. Mosquito conveys plugs disease to man.
- 4. red, green and blue are called secondary colours.

[B] What happens when :

- On mixing the red colour with the green colour.
- Bactria disappear completely.

Alexandria Governorate

South Alex. Educational Zone

Answer the following questions:

I. [A] Correct the underlined words:

- 1. Concrete and tomato sauce are considered a pure substance. (.....
- Ascaris worms are external parasites.
- 3. Light travel in curved lines. Alcohol is called a common solvent.
- 5. By increasing the temperature the time taken to dissolve solute increases.

6. A magnet has three poles.

[B] What happens when ... ?

- A magnet is hanged freely to move.
- Approaching a magnet to mixture of sand and steel paper clips.
- Looking at red apple through green glass sheet.





2. [A] Classify :

Copper - Nickel - Chalk pieces - Aluminium - Paper clips - Iron

Magnetic materials	Non-magnetic materials
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
re reasons for :	

[B]	Give	reasons	for	:
			100	

. Sugar is a pure substance.	*5
Spoon apears broken in transparent cup filled with water	Si -1

3. [A] Write scientific term :

 The plants that devours tiny insects. 				()
2. A set used to identify the main four directions.		+	1	()
3. A form of energy which can be seen.	57	- 18 - 19	13	()
4. It is the substance that dissolves in solvent.	1376			()
5. Any natural area including living organisms and			E	** *** **

non-living things. 6. Darkened area formed behind an object once light falls on it.

[B] Choose from column (A) what is suitable with column (B):

 The relation between a cat and a rat is A food relationship between two organisms benefit from each other Falaria worm 	a. causes elephantiasis disease. b. mutualism. c. predation.
--	--

4. [A] Complete the following sentences:

- 1. Like magnetic poles each other, while the dislike magnetic poles
- 2. You can separated a mixture of oil and water by
- 3. From primary light , ,

118

7 7 7		7.35	
	Choose the correct answ	er:	114/S
1	. Mosquito conveys	····· disease to man.	<u>(i)</u>
	a. plague	b. malaria	c. elephantiasis
2	. To separate salt from sal	Ity water we use	22
	a. filter paper.	b. a separating funnel.	
4	c. the evaporation proce	ss.	4. 4.
3	. The natural magnet is or	ne of the ores.	
	a. copper	b. carbon	c. iron
4	. Green plants are conside	ered organisms.	a "h
	a. decomposer	b. producer	c. parasite
5	. Chameleon tends to mal	ke	
	a. mimicry.	b. camouflage.	c. symbiosis.
6	. Filtration is used to sepa	rate mixture.	2 4 2
	a. salt and surge	 b. iron filings and sand 	c. sand and water
			00*
2	. By increase the quantity	of solvent the solubility time	
2 3	. By increase the quantity . The idea of electric gene	of solvent the solubility time rator is change ener	rgy intoenergy
2 3 4	. By increase the quantity . The idea of electric gene . The relationship between	of solvent the solubility time rator is change ener sponge and tiny aquatic living	rgy intoenergy
2 3 4 5	. By increase the quantity . The idea of electric gene . The relationship between . Sand-water mixture can	of solvent the solubility time rator is change ener sponge and tiny aquatic living be separated by	rgy intoenergy
2 3 4 5 6	. By increase the quantity . The idea of electric gene . The relationship between . Sand-water mixture can worm causes el	of solvent the solubility time rator is change ener sponge and tiny aquatic living be separated by	rgy intoenergy
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C	By increase the quantity The idea of electric general. The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes electric general.	of solvent the solubility time rator is changeener sponge and tiny aquatic living be separated by	rgy intoenergy ng organisms is
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C	By increase the quantity The idea of electric general. The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes electric general. hoose the correct answer. Predation the next the next the meanswer.	of solvent the solubility time rator is changeener sponge and tiny aquatic living be separated bylephantiasis disease. er: umber of prays in the ecosys	rgy intoenergy ng organisms is
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C	By increase the quantity The idea of electric general. The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes electric general worm causes electric general hoose the correct answer. Predation the new and increases	of solvent the solubility time rator is change	rgy intoenergy ng organisms is
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C	By increase the quantity The idea of electric general. The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes electric general worm causes electric general hoose the correct answer. Predation the new and increases is used to locate	of solvent the solubility time rator is change	rgy intoenergy ng organisms is stem. c. organizes
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C 1	By increase the quantity The idea of electric general The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes electric general worm causes electric general hoose the correct answer Predation the new and increases is used to locate a. Compass	of solvent the solubility time rator is change	rgy intoenergy ng organisms is stem. c. organizes c. Prism
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C 1	By increase the quantity The idea of electric general The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes electric general The relationship between The relationship between The can worm causes electric answer The dation the new and increases The blue t-shirt seems to locate	of solvent the solubility time rator is change	gy intoenergy ng organisms is c. organizes c. Prism eet.
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C 1	By increase the quantity The idea of electric gene The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes el hoose the correct answe Predation the ne a. increases increases Compass The blue t-shirt seems a. blue	of solvent the solubility time rator is change	rgy intoenergy ng organisms is c. organizes c. Prism
2 3 4 5 6 [B] C 1	By increase the quantity The idea of electric general The relationship between Sand-water mixture can worm causes electric general The relationship between The relationship between The can worm causes electric answer The dation the new and increases The blue t-shirt seems to locate	of solvent the solubility time rator is change	rgy intoenergy ng organisms is stem. c. organizes c. Prism eet.



3. Mineral water is a mixture but sugar is pure substance. 4. Yellow is called secondary coloured light. [B] Correct the underlined words: 1. Newton is the scientist who discovered dynamo. 2. Ascaris worm is external parasite. 3. Aluminium is a magnetic material. 4. Salt and water are mixed by grinding. [A] Write the scientific term: 1. A darkened area formed when light falls on opaque object. 2. Any natural area contains living organisms and non-living things. (3. The food relationship between nodular bacteria and leguminous. (4. A set used to change electric energy into magnetic energy. [B] Put (✓) or (x): 1. Insect-eaters plants prey insects to prepare fats. 2. Mixing red, green and blue produce white light. 3. Air is transparent material. 4. The formed image in the mirror due to light refraction. [A] What happens when? 1. Hanging a bar magnet to move freely.	2. Predation is temporary food relationship.	* ·	
[B] Correct the underlined words: 1. Newton is the scientist who discovered dynamo. 2. Ascaris worm is external parasite. 3. Aluminium is a magnetic material. 4. Salt and water are mixed by grinding. (3. Mineral water is a mixture but sugar is pure substance.		* .
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Hanging a bar magnet to move freely.		0-000V-V-1- THE	
Hanging a bar magnet to move freely.	 Insect-eaters plants prey insects to prepare fats. Mixing red, green and blue produce white light. Air is transparent material. 		(((
Bacteria disappear from environment.	 Insect-eaters plants prey insects to prepare fats. Mixing red, green and blue produce white light. Air is transparent material. The formed image in the mirror due to light refraction. 		
Vi	1. Insect-eaters plants prey insects to prepare fats. 2. Mixing red, green and blue produce white light. 3. Air is transparent material. 4. The formed image in the mirror due to light refraction. [A] What happens when ?		((((((((((((((((((((



**	
[B] Look at the opposite figure the	n answer :
1. The figure represent	
2. Label the figure : ① ②	
[C] Choose from column (B), what (A)	is suitable it from column (A) : (B)
Bread mold fungi Salt and sugary solutions Tissue paper	a. mixtures b. appear after rains

15 El-Gharbia Governorate

Gharbia Educational Directorate

d. saprophytes

Answer the following questions:

4. rainbow

2+2

-						
L	[A]	Complete	the	following	sentences	:

- 1. Yellow, and are known as "secondary light colours".
- 2. Like poles ----- each other, whereas unlike poles ---- each other.
- 4. Mosquito is an parasite, while ascaris worm is an parasite.

[B] Compare between each of the following :

- Magnetic materials and non-magnetic materials. (According to definition)
- Pure substances and mixtures. (According to their structure)

2. [A] Choose the correct answer :

- 1. Red light + Green light + Blue light =
 - a. Yellow.

- b. Magenta.
- c. White.

المعاصد علوم لغات (Notebook) / ه ب/ تيره ١ (م: ١٦)

- 2. A tool that is used for locating the four main directions
 - a. dynamo.

- b. compass.
- c. electric lamps.



هذا العمل حصرى على موقع ذاكرولى التعليمي ولا يسمح بنشره في أي مواقع أخرى لمزيد من أعمالنا تفضل بزيارة موقعنا على الانترنت https:\\www.zakrooly.com

وقع الكول التعليمي

الصف الخامس الايتدائي

المعاصر

4. An example of decomposers is the	of. (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·)
a. fungi. b. rabbits. c. B] What happens when? 1. You look at a red apple through a green transparent 2. Bacteria disappeared completely. A] Write the scientific term: 1. The seven colours which the white light is made up and a seven colours which is known as magnetite. 3. It is the substance in which the solute disappears. 4. It is the food relationship among living organisms in organism devours another one. B] Give reasons for:	glass sheet.	ing)
1. You look at a red apple through a green transparent 2. Bacteria disappeared completely. A) Write the scientific term: 1. The seven colours which the white light is made up a colour of the iron ores which is known as magnetite. 3. It is the substance in which the solute disappears. 4. It is the food relationship among living organisms in organism devours another one. B) Give reasons for:	glass sheet.	ing)
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A] Write the scientific term: 1. The seven colours which the white light is made up of the iron ores which is known as magnetite. 3. It is the substance in which the solute disappears. 4. It is the food relationship among living organisms in organism devours another one. B] Give reasons for:	() () which one liv	ing)
 The seven colours which the white light is made up of the iron ores which is known as magnetite. It is the substance in which the solute disappears. It is the food relationship among living organisms in organism devours another one. Give reasons for : 	() () which one liv	ing	j
 The seven colours which the white light is made up of the iron ores which is known as magnetite. It is the substance in which the solute disappears. It is the food relationship among living organisms in organism devours another one. Give reasons for : 	() () which one liv	ing)
 One of the iron ores which is known as magnetite. It is the substance in which the solute disappears. It is the food relationship among living organisms in organism devours another one. Give reasons for : 	() () which one liv	ing	j
 It is the substance in which the solute disappears. It is the food relationship among living organisms in organism devours another one. Give reasons for: 	which one liv	ing	75
organism devours another one. B] Give reasons for :	0 2000	_	
-)
- 		***	50
water's surface ?	f it was broke	en at the	∌ '
2. Water is a common solvent.	·		
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
A] Put (\checkmark) at the front of the right statement and (x) at the	front of the w	rong on	e:
1. Object's image is formed because light travels in cur	ved lines.	. ()
2. When the white light strikes a red rose, it reflects the	white colour	. ()
3. A separating funnel is used to separate immiscible lid	quid mixtures	. ()
4. Green plants are considered as consumer organisms	S 22)
3] Choose one of the following terms to form a proper (Snake – Wheat – Sheep)	ii.	: .	
1. The producer in the chain is			
2. The predator in the chain is	59		th.
3. The herbivore in the chain is	1.7	5.3	
4. The relationship between a snake and a rat is known	as a		ř.
3)	**************************************		

calgamaja

Dakahlia Gove	rnorate (Science Inspect	orate
Answer the following que	estions :	2	
1. [A] Choose the correct	t answer :	(3)	12 19 19 1
Mixing green light		ces light.	*;
a. cyan	b. yellow	c. magenta	d. blue
2is a com	mon solvent.	*3 AVS	
a. Water	b. Alcohol	c. Mercury	d. Benzene
3. Black opaque obj	ectall ligh	t coloures.	5 14E
a. absorbs		b. reflects	**
c. transmits		d. all the previo	ous
4 is attract	ted to th magnet.	**************************************	## ## ##
a. Chalk	b. Glass	c. Cobalt	d. Aluminium
5. When you look at seems		yellow glass sheet,	- 70 Fin - 1 144 1 - 70 Fin - 700 Fin - 21
a. red.	b. blue.	c. black.	d. yellow.
The solute in cho	colate-milk solution	is	25 25
a. milk.		b. chocolate.	# E # 10
c. water.	% 54	 d. all the previous 	ous.
[B] Give reasons for :	dow when light falls	on an apaque body.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
2. Mineral water is o	considered as a mix	ture.	
3. We see a picture	behind the glass cl	early.	
2 (41 Camplete the falls			
2. [A] Complete the follo			
Market Market Control of the Control		ng living and nonlivin	
When light passe air is ····· that	s from water to air in that through water		ignt speed through
Electromagnet ch	nanges ene	ergy to ene	rgy.
 The substances of magnetic ability. 	can be divided into	and	due to their

(123)



574	
몺	(2)
A	
	and the second

[B] Show how can separate the following?	£2
1. Salt from salty solution.	· ()
2. Chalk powder from water.	()
3. Oil from oil-water mixture.	()
4. Steel paper clips and flour.	()
3. [A] Correct the underlined words :	
1. Natural magnet is one of the copper ores	()
The green colour is between yellow and indigo in rainbow.	()
3. Very large ecosystem as desert.	()
 Camouflage helps in keeping the environment balance. 	()
5. Yellow light is a primary colour.	()
6. The motor is used in making electric bell.	()
[B] Write the scientific term :	eth e
1. The region of the magnet where the magnetic force is the mos	st powerful.
	()
2. A mixture in which solute disappeared in the solvent.	()
The light energy that can be seen.	()
The type of material which appears with the reflected colour.	()
5. An insectivorous plant.	· ()
The organism that feeds on decomposing the moist wet bread	d. (······)
4. [A] Mention the kind of relation between each of the following :	
1. Lion and deer.	()
2. Bread mold fungus and moist bread.	()
3. Nodular bacteria and bean plant.	()
Mosquitoes and man.	()
[B] Look at the opposite figure then answer the following :	
1. The opposite figure represents	N X
The device consists of can spin freely around a fixed axis.	(w) E
3. It is used to ·············	
	*

(124)



When a man infected by filaria wo	rm.
Ismailia Governorate	Science Inspectorate
ver the following questions :	
] Complete the following sentences	
1. White light consists of col	lours, which are called colours
2. Solid materials can be mixed by	or
3. The magnet is black ston	e made of iron ores which called
The like poles each other poles.	r, whereas the poles attract ea
] Choose from column (B) what is s	uitable it in column (A) :
(A)	(B)
1. Sugar	a. causes malaria disease.
2. Air	b. get by mixing two primary colours
3. Mushroom fungus	c. is a mixture.
4. Secondary light colours	d. is from saprophytes.
	e. is a pure substance.
1 2	3 4
Give reasons for :	
1. When light fall on a white paper, it	appears white colour.

inorkie system

[B]	Write	the	scientific	term:	

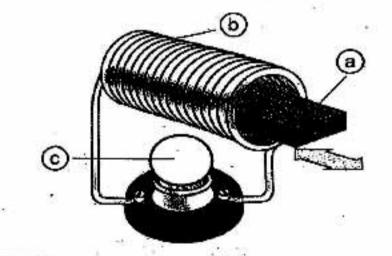
- The food relationship between two living organisms that benefit from each other
- 4. The materials that are attracted to the magnet. (......)
- 5. It is the internal parasite which causes bilharzia disease. (................................)
- 6. Darkened area that formed as a result of falling light on an opaque object.

3. [A] Mention an example for each of the following :

- 3. Insectivourous plants.
- 4. Large ecosystem.

[B] Look at the opposite figure then answer:

- 1. The name of the device is
- 2. Lable this diagram
 - (a)
 - **(b)**
 - ©



4. [A] Identify the ways of mixtures separation by but (√) in front of suitable way :

Mixtures	Magnetic attraction	Filtration	Separating funnel	Evaporation
1. Oil and water		•••••		
2. Suger and water				***************************************
3. Iron filling and sand	******			
4. Sand and water				

[B] What happened when ... ?

- You look at a red apple through a green glass sheet.
- 2. Hanging a magnet and allow it to move freely.

(126)



40		_
TX	Port Said	Governorate
1 40 6		

Science Inspectorate

Answer the following questions .	Answer	the	fol	llowin	g qu	esti	ons	:
----------------------------------	--------	-----	-----	--------	------	------	-----	---

1.	Complete	the	following	sentences	
	Complete		Jonewing	Scrittinees	

- The material in which light can transmit through is called
- 2. Like poles whereas dislike poles
- 3. The food relationship between cat and rat is
- 4.is a common solvent due to its ability to dissolve several substance.
- 5. Red light + Green light + Blue light =

2. [A] Choose the correct answer :

- 1. Light transmits in lines.
 - a. curved

b. broken

- c. straight
- 2. The material that dissolves to produce solution is called
 - a. solvent.

b. solute.

- c. mixture.
- The natural magnet is discovered since ago.
 - a. 2000

b. 3500

- c. 2050
- 4. takes place by some living organisms to hide from their enemies.
 - a. Commensalism
- b. Parasitism

c. Camouflage

[B] Choose from the column (A) what is suitable it from column (B) :

(A)	(B)
1. A mosquito	a. causes elephantiasis.
2. Flaria worm	b. conveys plague.
3. Bread mold fungus	c. causes malaria.
4. Fleas	d. causes bread mold.

3.

3. [A] Write the scientific term :

- 2. Natural area including living organisms and non-living things. (......)
- A device used to convert kinetic energy into electric energy.

[B] Correct the underlined words:

- When white light strikes a red rose, it reflects the white colour.
- Salt and water are mixed together by stirring or grinding.

هذا العمل حصري على موقع ذاكرولي التعليمي ولا يسمح بنشره في أي مواقع أخرى لمزيد من أعمالنا تفضل بزيارة موقعنا على الانترنت https://www.zakrooly.com

الصف الخامس الابتدائي





4.	ΓAΊ	Give	reasons	for	
		CIVE	10030113	10,	

Some materials are magnetic.

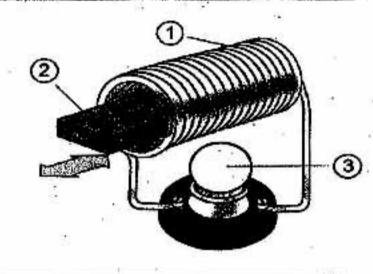
[B] What happens when ... ?

On mixing the red coloured light with the green coloured light.

[C] Identify the ways of mixtures separation by put (/) in front of suitable way :

The mixture	Magnetic attraction	Filtration	Evaporation	Separation funnel
1. Iron filings and sand				
2. Sand and water				
3. Oil and water	***************************************		***************	
4. Salt and water				

[D] Study the following figure then complete:



Damietta Governorate

Science Inspectorate

Answer the following questions:

. [A] Complete the following sentences :

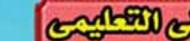
- 1. The material in which light can transmit through is called
- 2. Fungi are considered as living organisms.
- 3. Increasing reduces solubility time.
- 4. Like poles each other.

[B] What is meant by each of the following ... ?

1. Ecosystem,

2. Shadow.





9,

Final Examinations

الصف الخامس الابتدائي

2.	2. [A] Choose the correct answer :	27
	1. Light travels in lines.	
	a. Curved b. straight	
	c. zigzag d. Curved and zigzag	20
	2. Green plants are considered as organisms.	
	a. decomposer b. consumer c. producer d. parasi	tic
	3. The material that dissolves to produce solution is called	
	a. solute. b. solvent. c. mixture. d. compo	ound.
	4. When a magnet is suspended freely, the magnet takes direct	tion.
	a. north-south b. east-west c. north-east d. north	
	[B] Give reasons for :	
	1. We wear black clothes in winter.	(26) 10
	2. Aluminium and copper are considered as non-magnetic materials.	III.
3.	3. [A] Write the scientific term :	
)
	2. A process used to separate salt from water. (50 8 8 76
	3. A temporary relationship between two different organisms with	
)
	4. Is a mixture of gases such as oxygen, nitrogen and carbon dioxide. (
	[B] Mention one use for each of the following:	* *
	1. Glass prism ··············	129
	2. Electromagnet ······	
4.	4. [A] Correct the underlined words in each of the following statements:	<u> </u>
	1. Separating funnel is used to separate the solid-liquid mixture. ()
	2. Natural magnet is a red rock.	
)
	4. Mimicry is a phenomenon in which the living organism protects itself	from
		······)
		(120)
	المحاصد علوم لغات (Notebook) / ه ب/ تيرم ١ (م : ١٧)	
201	حصري على موقع ذاكرولي التعليمي ولا يسمح بنشره في أي مواقع أخرى التعليمي ولا يسمح بنشره	هذا العمل
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مرقع الكرولي التطبيبي

Fayoun	n Governorate	Science superviolange	ision for gov uage school	vernmental
swer the follow	wing questions :	15	*	*6
Complete the	following :			5.7
Mixing a sma separated by	all amount of mud with	water forming	soluti	on that can be
2. Like poles ····	whereas dislike	poles	is is	
3. The material	in which light can tran	smit through is ca	alled	
4 is c	onsidered to be a gene	eral solvent becau	use of its abi	lity of dissolvi
most materia	als .			41
 Solubility spen 	nderlined words in ea eed <u>decreases</u> by shal et their food by decom	king and rising the	temperatur	ө, (
 Solubility specifies general specifies. The formations of the second specifies. When light persons of the second specifies. 	eed decreases by shall et their food by decome on of shadow due to tra- ttracted to the magnet.	king and rising the posing food remandate posing food remandate posing light in cu	temperatur ins or dead	e. (bodies. ((
 Solubility specifies generalized Parasites generalized Copper is a general series When light person of the series Frog hides for the series 	eed decreases by shall et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. Dasses from air to glass from its enemies by min	king and rising the posing food remandate posing food remandate posing light in cu	temperatur ins or dead	e. (bodies. ((
1. Solubility specifies government of the formation of the formation of the control of the contr	eed decreases by shall et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. Sasses from air to glass from its enemies by minorrect answer:	king and rising the posing food remandate posing light in curs, it reflects.	temperatur ins or dead rved lines.	e. (bodies. (((
1. Solubility specification 2. Parasites government of the formation 4. Copper is a second formation 5. When light personal formation of the control of the	eed decreases by shall et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. Sasses from air to glass from its enemies by minorrect answer:	king and rising the posing food remandate posing light in curse, it reflects. The micry. The regy from mechanics and the position of the pos	temperatur ins or dead rved lines.	e. (bodies. (((
1. Solubility specifications of the formation of the control of th	eed decreases by shall et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. Sasses from air to glass from its enemies by minorrect answer: orrect answer: ogenerates	king and rising the posing food remandation of the posing food	temperatur ins or dead rved lines. anical energy d. kin	e. (
1. Solubility specifies government of the formation of the control	et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. basses from air to glass rom its enemies by min orrect answer: generates	king and rising the posing food remarkable weling light in cures, it reflects micry. The results of the cure of t	rved lines. anical energy d. kings towards the	e. (
1. Solubility specifies government of the formation of the control of the control of the control of the dynamo of the man	et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. basses from air to glass rom its enemies by min orrect answer: be generates	king and rising the posing food remarkation of the current series	rved lines. anical energy d. kin s towards the	e. (
1. Solubility specifies government of the formation of the control	et their food by decome on of shadow due to tra ttracted to the magnet. basses from air to glass rom its enemies by min orrect answer: generates	king and rising the posing food remarkation of the current of the	rved lines. anical energy d. kin s towards th d. we	e. (
1. Solubility specifies government of the formation of the control	eed decreases by shall et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. Dasses from air to glass from its enemies by minorrect answer: I generates	king and rising the posing food remains aveling light in cure. In reflects. In reflects. In c. light is north pole reference east. In and a bilharzias was c. host.	rved lines. anical energy d. kin s towards th d. we worm, the man	e. (
 Solubility specifies general specifies. Parasites general specifies. Copper is an an	eed decreases by shall et their food by decome on of shadow due to tracted to the magnet. Dasses from air to glass from its enemies by minorrect answer: I generates	king and rising the posing food remains aveling light in cure. In reflects. In reflects. In c. light is north pole reference east. In and a bilharzias was c. host.	rved lines. anical energy d. kin s towards th d. we worm, the man	e. (bodies. (



لمزيد من أعمالنا تفضل بزيارة موقعنا على الانترنت https://www.zakrooly.com

a. Evaporation			
a. Liapoidion	€	b. Filtration	545 A
c. Separating fu	unnel	d. Magnetic attract	tion
6. Red, green and	l blue light are	······ lights.	30
a. primary		b. secondary	
c. complements	ary	d. mix	
[A] Write the sole	antific term for one	h of the following state	
TO STORY SALES AND A STREET WAS		h of the following state	12 CT 12 CT
	127 Carlotte 124 Car	oosed of a solute and a so organisms and non-livin	
2. The natural	area including tiving	J Organisms and non-livin	T
3. The materia	le that don't got attr	acted to the magnet	(······
W. E.	2012 - C. 18 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	acted to the magnet.	· .
- THE SEVERIC	Solodia of light WillCl	n sunlight (white light) is r	(
IDI O!	**************************************	£1 16	
[B] Give reasons		ii ii	
i. A magnet ca	an be used to separ	ate iron fillings from sand	
21 El-Minia G	overnorate	St. Mark and El-Taw	fik Schools
		St. Mark and El-Taw	fik Schools
nswer the following	g questions :	St. Mark and El-Taw	fik Schools
nswer the following	g questions :		fik Schools
nswer the following	g questions : ect answer :		fik Schools
choose the corre	g questions : ect answer : als don't allow light t	o travel through.	fik Schools
Choose the corre	g questions : ect answer : als don't allow light t	o travel through. b. Translucent	
Choose the correct of	g questions : ect answer : als don't allow light t	o travel through. b. Translucent d. Opaque	
choose the correct of	g questions : ect answer : als don't allow light to rent ears	o travel through. b. Translucent d. Opaque ou look at it through a ble	ue transparent d. black
choose the correct of	g questions: ect answer: als don't allow light to rent ars	o travel through. b. Translucent d. Opaque ou look at it through a ble	ue transparent d. black ars is called
Choose the correct of	g questions: ect answer: als don't allow light to rent ars	o travel through. b. Translucent d. Opaque ou look at it through a ble c. green the magnetic force appea	ue transparent d. black ars is called
nswer the following Choose the corre 1	g questions: ect answer: als don't allow light to rent ars	o travel through. b. Translucent d. Opaque ou look at it through a block c. green the magnetic force appear b. magnetic substant	ue transparent d. black ars is called
nswer the following Choose the corre 1	g questions: ect answer: els don't allow light to rent ears	o travel through. b. Translucent d. Opaque ou look at it through a block c. green the magnetic force appear b. magnetic substant	ue transparent d. black ars is called
c. Semi-transparent a. Transparent glass sheet. a. red 3. The space around a. magnetic pole c. non magnetic 4. The coil of a dynamic and a dynamic a d	g questions: ect answer: als don't allow light to rent ars	o travel through. b. Translucent d. Opaque ou look at it through a ble c. green the magnetic force appea b. magnetic substa d. magnetic field	ue transparent d. black ars is called

celenaries Marie

5. All these factors affect	ts solubility process except		21 70
a. temperature.	b. colour of so		+
c. stirring.	d. type of solu	te.	
6. Predation relationhshi	p the number of preys in p	population	IS
a. increases b	o. organizes c. decreases	d. p	prevents
[A] Write the scientific	term:		27 18
 A darkened area f 	ormed when light falls on an opaqu	ue object.	(
	an get by mixing two of the primar		7-450
			(
A set that is used for	or locating the main four geographic	directions.	(
A set that is used to	change mechanical energy into electronical	ric energy.	(
The temporary for	od relationship that ends by devour	ing	3 4
the prey or part of	it.		(
[B] Give reasons for the	e following :	84	4
 Copper is a non-m 	nagnetic substance.	32	
. [A] Complete the follow	ving sentences :		
	asses from a glass rod to air, it	*	*
	light + Blue light =	. * * *	* 16 ₂
AND THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF TH	each other, whereas the dislil	ke poles	
4. The basic idea of venergy into	working of the electromagnet is the ··· energy.	changing	of
The state of the s		· commente de la compansión de la compan	
In salty solution, sa	alt is the while water is the		
Reference in the meaning of the community of the communit	n (A) what is suitable it from col		a # 26
THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE STATE OF			(B)
[B] Choose from colum		umn (B) :	(B)
[B] Choose from colum	n (A) what is suitable it from col-	umn (B) :	(B) ation.
[B] Choose from column 1. Food relation between organisms	n (A) what is suitable it from col-	umn (B) : g a. pred	(B) ation. alism.
1. Food relation betwood relation betwoeld relation betwoeld relation between the relation be	n (A) what is suitable it from colo (A) ween sponge and tiny aquatic living ween man and liver worm ween plant and nodular bacteria	g a. pred b. mutu c. interi	(B) ation. alism.

(132)



4. [A] Put (✓) or (×) then correct the wrong ones :	±1
1. The formed image through narrow holes is inve	erted. ()
2. An object seems white as it reflects all light col	ours. ()
3. Distilled water is a mixture, while mineral water	r is a pure substance. ()
4. Mosquitoes infect man with elephantiasis.	()
[B] Show how you can separate the following :	
1. Iron filings from sand.	
2. Salt from salty water.	
3. Oil from oil – water mixture.	
4. Sand from water – sand mixture.	
	* .
22 Assiut Governorate Scient	ce Inspectorate
Answer the following questions :	
1. [A] Complete the following sentences :	
(predation – poles – solution – r	epel – attract)
1. Solute + solvent + dissolving process	
2. Like poles wheares unlike poles	
3. The magnetic force is most powerful at the	1.0
The interaction between a cat and a rat is cons relationship.	
[B] Define the following by using the following se	ntences :
(It is a natural area that contains living organi	
the components of air including gases), it me the components of the ecosystem.	eans the balance among
1. The ecosystem.	
**	
Environmental balance.	
2. [A] Write the scientific term :	
 The materials that get attracted to the magnet. 	()
2. Yellow, magenta and cyan colours.	() ()
图	(133)
التوايم والإسماد ونشياء مواقع أخرى	laught after to supp laufild



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-/	
울(31
2 /	
	OCCUPATION OF THE PARTY OF THE
	3

3. The seven colours of light which sunlight is made up of. 4. A tool that is used for locating the four main direction. [B] Give reasons for: 1. Tape worm is a parasite. 2. An apple appears red when sunlight falls on it. [A] Put (✓) or (×): 1. Solubility decreases by shaking and rising the temperature. 2. Aluminium gets attracted to the magent. 3. Object's shadow is formed because the light travels in curved lines. 4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture. [B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: - The figure represents - Label the figure ① ② ③ [A] Choose the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of a copper. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution. 2. Sand solution.	- or succession	Yuns -		san a w	10 B
[B] Give reasons for: 1. Tape worm is a parasite. 2. An apple appears red when sunlight falls on it. [A] Put (✓) or (✗): 1. Solubility decreases by shaking and rising the temperature. 2. Aluminium gets attracted to the magent. 3. Object's shadow is formed because the light travels in curved lines. (4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture. [B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: - The figure represents - Label the figure ① ② ③ [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of	94				
1. Tape worm is a parasite. 2. An apple appears red when sunlight falls on it. [A] Put (✓) or (✗): 1. Solubility decreases by shaking and rising the temperature. 2. Aluminium gets attracted to the magent. 3. Object's shadow is formed because the light travels in curved lines. (4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture. [B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: - The figure represents - Label the figure 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of a. copper. b. carbon. c. iron. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. a. transparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution.		4. A tool that is used for locating th	e tour main direction		
2. An apple appears red when sunlight falls on it. [A] Put (✓) or (✗): 1. Solubility decreases by shaking and rising the temperature. 2. Aluminium gets attracted to the magent. 3. Object's shadow is formed because the light travels in curved lines. 4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture. [B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: - The figure represents - Label the figure 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of a. copper. b. carbon. c. iron. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. a. transparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution.	[8] Give reasons for :	*:		协
I. [A] Put (✓) or (✗): 1. Solubility decreases by shaking and rising the temperature. 2. Aluminium gets attracted to the magent. 3. Object's shadow is formed because the light travels in curved lines. 4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture. [B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: - The figure represents - Label the figure ① ② ③ [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of a. copper. b. carbon. c. iron. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. a. transparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution.		Tape worm is a parasite.	9	7 Y	
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3. Object's shadow is formed because the light travels in curved lines. { 4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture. { [B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: - The figure represents - Label the figure 1 2 3 [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of a copper. b. carbon. c. iron. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. a. transparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution. 2. Sand solution.	7.		and rising the tempe	rature.	- (
4. Fruit salad is considered a mixture. [B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: - The figure represents - Label the figure 1 2 3 [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of		2. Aluminium gets attracted to the r	magent.		(
[B] Look at the opposite figure, then answer: The figure represents Label the figure (1) (2) (3) [A] Choose the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of a copper. a. copper. b. carbon. c. iron. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. a. transparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction anorth and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution.		3. Object's shadow is formed beca	use the light travels i	n curved line	s. (
- The figure represents - Label the figure 1 2 3 I. [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of a. copper. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. 3. It ransparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution.		4. Fruit salad is considered a mixtu	ire.	*	. (
- Label the figure 1 2 3 I. [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of	[B]	Look at the opposite figure, then	answer:	-140	.7
- Label the figure 1 2 3 I. [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of		- The figure represents			•
(a) (b) (c) (c) (d) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e					2
2 3 3 I. [A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of		ALCOHOM STORAGE STORAGE STORAGE CONTROL CONTRO	40		_/ \
[A] Choose'the correct answer: 1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of		(1)	/		
1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of		②		FE	. 8
1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of		③			
1. The coil of a dynamo is made up of	- [A	Choose'the correct answer :			
a. copper. b. carbon. c. iron. 2. Light can easily transmit through materials. a. transparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction management. a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution.	1	79 - 1950 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 -	of		
2. Light can easily transmit through materials. a. transparent b. semi-transparent c. opaque 3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution.			20 Air	c. iron.	
3. When a magnet is hanged freely it will take the direction a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution. 2. Sand solution.		And the second of the second o	materials.	83 V)	. 7
a. north and east. b. north and south. c. east and west. [B] How can the following mixtures be separated? 1. Water and oil solution. 2. Sand solution.		a. transparent b. se	mi-transparent	c. opaque	6.4
[B] How can the following mixtures be separated?1. Water and oil solution.2. Sand solution.		3. When a magnet is hanged freely	it will take the direct	ion	
Water and oil solution. Sand solution.		a. north and east. b. no	orth and south.	c. east and	west.
Water and oil solution. Sand solution.	[B]	How can the following mixtures b	e separated ?	10 10	, .
***************************************		POTOUR SENTER OF THE PROPERTY AND THE OFFICE AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	-		ψ
3. Sand and iron filings.		2. Sand solution.	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	······································	11 &
		3 Sand and iron filings			
		o. cana and non mings.		+	

ړ9



nswer the following ques	(A)	59
 [A] Complete the follow 	ing sentences :	
1. Like poles ·····	each other.	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Light travels in	········· line.	
The prism separat	es sunlight into	<u>5).</u> \$5
4. The relationship be	etween a scaris worm and a ma	an is known as
[B] Give reasons for :		2%
1. The banana appea	ars yellow when sunlight falls o	n it.
••••••		
Predation is tempo	orary relationship.	* 3 0
[A] Choose the correct	answer:	
 A materials that lig 	ht cannot transmit through are	***********
a. transparent.	b. semi-transparent.	c. opaque.
The coil of a dyna	no is made up of wire	
a. copper	b. carbon	c. iron
Magenta, cyan and	d yellow light are lights	5.
a. primary	b. secondary	c. complementary
4. Uses in s	eparation of a mixture of water	and oil.
a. evaporation	b. filtration	c. separating funn
[B] Mention the function	n each of :	in g
1. The dynamo.		26

Compass.	B* 2 8	
		······································
. [A] Put (√) or (x):		
1. Light is a form of e	nergy.	. (
2. Aluminium gets att	racted to the magent.	(
3. Red + Green + Blu	ue = White.	. (
	voven nets for catching insects	5 2



ړ9



[B] Complete the table :

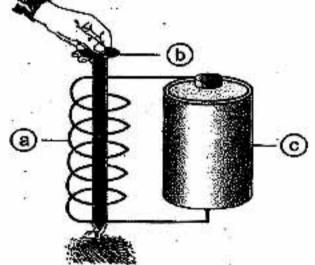
Point of comparisons	Camouflage	Mimicry
Example	①	
Point of comparisons	Mixture of sand and iron filings	Mixture of sand and water
Methods of separation	3	

4. [A] Write the scientific term :

- The darkened area formed behind an object once light falls on it.

[B] Look at the opposite figure, and write the Labels :

- The name of the device
- Label the figure
- **(b)**
- ©



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Luxor Educational Zone

Answer the following questions :

1. [A] Complete the following sentences :

- Bilharzia worms hurt ----- and are named ----- while the organisms it hurts are called hosts.
- 2. Increasing reduces the solubility time.
- 3. Compass consists of freely move.

(136)



84	5. Like poles ····· ea	ich other.	en e
[B]] Name the equipment th	at can be used in eac	h case :
	 Separation of light into 	seven colours.	(
	2. Converting of mechan	ical energy into electric	energy. (··············
. [A	A] What happens in each	case of the following	?
N	1. When you look at a sp	oon put in a beaker co	ntains water.
	2. Cutting down of trees.		
2 00	3. On mixing the seven of	colours.	
(E	3] Correct the underlined	word :	
	 The natural magnet is 	one of the copper ore	s. (
	Shadow is formed be	cause light travels in cu	irved lines. (
	Spiders uses their wo	ven nest for catching fi	<u>shes.</u> (
. [A	A] Choose the correct an	swer:	
	1. Light travels in	··· lines.	App B ox
	a. curved	 b. zigzagged 	c. straight
	2. From examples of sag	prophytic organisms	••••
	a. fungi.	b. rabbit.	c. plant.
	The solute in the mixt	ure of chocolate and mi	ilk is
	a. water.	b. milk.	c. chocolate.
	The types of parasites	s are	
	a. external.	b. internal.	c. all the previous
	The natural magnet is	discovered since	ago.
	a. 2000	b. 2020	c. 2500
[E	3] Mention the kind of foo	od relationship between	en:
	1. The lion and a deer :		
	2. Nodular bacteria and	bean plant :	
	NI Citta usas sana faut		
· [A	A] Give reasons for :	tio motorial	gt.
	 Wood is a non-magne 	uo matenal.	

calgand)i

2. A piece of marble isn't disappearing when putting it in water.	
3. The parasite doesn't kill its host.	
[B] Write the scientific term for each of the following :	
 The material that get attracted to the magnet. 	()
2. The light energy that can be seen.	()
3. The mixture results from the solubility of solids in liquid.	()
 The change of light rays directions when they transmit throu the separating surface between two different transparent med 	
Any natural area including living organisms and non-living things.	()
A relation between two living organisms that benefit from each other.	()

Answer the following questions:

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1. [A] Complete the following :

(Saprophytism – iron – red – repel – mimicry – attract - copper – mutualism – camouflage – yellow)

Tur Sinai Educational Directorate

- 1. From magnetic material and from non-magnetic material
- and are from the ways of self-defence against predation in living organisms.
- 3. From primary coloured lights and from secondary coloured lights
- 4. The like magnetic poles but the dislike magnetic poles
- The food relationship between nodular bacteria and bean, whereas the food relationship between fungi and dead bodies is

[B] What happens when ... ?

- A magnet is hung to move freely.
- 2. Introducing rabbits into an island with much food and on natural enemies.

(138)



Write the scientific to		
1. The light that we ca	n get by mixing two of the primary	coloured light.
		(
2. The temporary food	relationship that end by devouring	the prey or
a part of it.	77 1576 NO.	(
3. The regions of the r	nagnet, where the magnetic force i	s most powerful.
	3.44	. (
4. A darkened area for	med when light falls on an opaque	object.
*		(
~· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(A)h = t in a witchin it from colu	s. The second of the second
Choose from column	(A) what is suitable it from colu	iiii (B) .
(A)	(B)	
1. Glass prism	a. used to separate oil and water	mixture.
2: Compass	b. change electric energy into ma	[경우성]
3. Electromagnet	c. determine the main four direction	ons.
3. Electromagnet	Sept. Let a transfer de programme a programme de la compression della compression de	**************************************
4. Separating funnel	d. separating white light into seven	**************************************
4. Separating funnel	d. separating white light into seven 2	**************************************
4. Separating funnel 1	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours.
4. Separating funnel 1	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours.
4. Separating funnel 1 Choose the correct a 1. The relationship be a. parasitism.	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4
4. Separating funnel 1 Choose the correct a 1. The relationship be a. parasitism.	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4
4. Separating funnel 1 Choose the correct at a	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4 ng organisms is c. predation.
4. Separating funnel 1	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4 c. predation. c. sand and salt
4. Separating funnel 1	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4 ng organisms is c. predation.
4. Separating funnel 1	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4 c. predation. c. sand and salt c. solution.
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4. Separating funnel 1	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4 c. predation. c. sand and salt c. solution.
4. Separating funnel 1	d. separating white light into seven 2	spectrum colours. 4 c. predation. c. sand and salt c. solution.



ړ9



[B] Give reasons for	[B] Give	reas	ons	for	:
----------------------	----------	------	-----	-----	---

1.	Saprophytic organisms give great service to ecosystem.
- 12	
2.	The red apple seems black when you look at it through a green glass sheet

4. [A] Put (/) or (x):

2. We can separate mixture of sand and water by filtration	on process. (······)
3. Tiger is an example of extinct animals due to the ch	nange in natural
conditions in the environment.	()
4. The electromagnet consists of copper coil only.	()

5. The banana fruit seems yellow as it reflect the green light colour.

1. Sun is the main source of the light on the Earth.

(-----)

[B] Compare between :

P.O.C	Filaria worm	Fleas
The diseases that cause :		



التب ذائرولي في البحث وانض لجروبات ذائرولي هنه رياض الاطفال للصف الثالث الاعدادي

(140)



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مرقع الكرولي التعليمي

الصف الخامس الابتدائي

Cairo Governorate

(A) 1. (x) St. Joseph's School 2. (x)

- - 3

3. (x)

- (B) 1. Glass prism.
- 2. It separates white light (sunlight) colours. into seven colours called spectrum
- (C) 1. Because bilharzia worm benefits from its host which is harmed.
- Because the moon light is the reflection of the sunlight that falls on its surface.
- (A) 1. Malaria disease. Ecosystem.
- 3. Shadow.
- Separating funnel.
- (B) 1. a. magenta
- a. ascaris worm. b. commensalism.
- b. magnetic field
- (A) 1. solute solvent Camouflage – mimicry
- The electromagnet small dynamo.
- The temperature water
- (B) 1. It is the reflection of light when it falls on a rough reflecting surface. scattered in different directions. where the light rays are reflected and
- It is the substance in which solute disperses or dissolves.
- (C) 1. The spoon seems broken due to the refraction of light.
- because the like magnetic poles repel The two poles repel each other each other.
- 0 (A) 1. d

2. c 4. 8

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- 3. 6

36

د اک سروامه

التعليمي ويسمح بمشاركته فقط ولا يسمح بتداوله على الانترنت

2+2

Examples: Definition: comparison Points of It is the through it. objects o seen cle through which le (in full det light to p Trans

- (C) 1. The compass needle deflects in the four positions after flowing the electric current through the wire.
- The iron nail attracts the paper clips

2

Manarat Al Maadi Language School

- (A) 1. Shaking grinding
- electric magnetic
- butterflies frogs.
- the solvent the solute.
- Black

- Because these plants prey some for making protein. insects to get their required elements
- Due to the refraction of light
- (A) 1. Shadow. Ecosystem

(A) 1. magnetic

absorbs

irregularly 2. internal (B) 1. (x)

2.3

3.3

4 (×)

6. a. increases. 4. b. insectivorous 2. c. magenta

5. c. straight

3. b. malaria

(B) 1. It takes a fixed direction which is

north-south direction.

a homogeneous

2. The green object absorbs all light

colours and reflects the green colour

only so it seems green.

- The electromagnet.
- Magnetic attraction.
- (B) 1. Identify the main four geographical

B

sparent	Opaque	
material	It is the material	
ts most	that doesn't allow	
pass	light to pass	
and	through and	
can be	objects can't be	
arly	seen through it.	b
otails)		

(A) 1. (x) Stirring decreases

4. It separates white light (sunlight) into

seven colours called spectrum colours

3. It is used in

making many appliances

as the electric bell.

(x) clear a glass.

(B) 1. It takes a fixed direction which is

3. (3)

3

The clear glass - Rocks - foil paper clear water - air. - wood - carton.

1. kinetic – electric

w

Thebes La

inguage School

Water

 commensalism. 2. red - violet

- repei attract
- elephantiasis small pox

(A) 1. The compass.

5. repel - attract

- (B) 1. Red.
- (A) 1. c. blue. 3. c. prey.
- 4. d. (a) and (c) a. homogeneous
- (B) 1. Because light travels in straight lines.

(A) 1. b. Separating funnel

To hide from their enemies.

- Because it consists of more than one oxygen and carbon dioxide. type of particles such as nitrogen,

- directions.
- 2. To separate the heterogeneous liquid

0

Guide Answers of Final Exams

Examples :	Definition :	Points of comparison
Iron - steel - cobalt.	They are the materials which are altracted to the magnet.	Magnetic materials
Chalk - glass - paper.	They are the materials which are not attracted to the magnet.	Non-magnetic materials

الصف الخامس الايتد

Manaret Heliopolis Lang. School

- straight visible spectrum
- kinetic electric

4. Water evaporates leaving the salt in

the cup.

The Earth's surface will be covered

with the bodies of dead organisms

A white light is formed.

north-south direction.

- 3. all the red plant – animal
- sugar photosynthesis

5. salt - water

- 8. repel attract mimicry – camouflage.
- 0 1. The Sun. Mutualism
- Opaque materials. Shadow. 4. Ecosystem Light refraction.
- Water. 8. Solubility process
- 1. a. White opaque object.
- a. gaseous-gaseous.

(B) 1. Because it doesn't allow light to pass

through and objects cannot be seen

Spectrum colours. Magnetic field.

> Ecosystem Shadow.

2. Because each of them consists of

through it.

more than one type of particles

- 3. d. all the previous. 5. a. reflection 6. a. drosera a. yellow
- 7. a. filtration. 8. a. malaria
- (A) 1. Because it reflects the sunlight that falls on its surface.
- Because each of them consists of only one type of identical particles
- (B) 1. (x) into seven spectrum colours 2. (x) has two poles.
- 3.3 4.
- 6. (x) (x) by a separating funnel are internal parasites

International School Manor House

5

- 1. Natural changes man interference internal – external
- 3. kinetic electric
- 4. solute solvent

هذا العمل حصري على موقع ذاكرولي ا



r W

- reflects absorbs an electric current
- reflecting surface air.
- (A) 1. Regular reflection. Non-magnetic materials.

2. Solvent.

8. bigger

- The compass.
- (B) 1. It is used to separate the water-oil mixture) heterogeneous liquid mixtures (as
- 2. It is used to separate the solid-solid substances. mixtures that contain magnetic
- (C) 1. Predation. Saprophytism.
- (A) 1. The magnetic force is the ability during raining
- in straight lines

is a homogeneous mixture

(B) 1. c 2.e 3.b 4.8

5. 0

- (A) 1. To increase the produced amount of electricity.
- Because thousands of solid materials dissolve in it.
- ω Because it doesn't allow light to pass through and objects cannot be seen through it.
- Because white clothes reflect all the the decrease of feeling of heat. light colours that fall on them causing
- Because they can't be produced by mixing two of the other light colours
- (B) 1. a. predator.
- c. north and south
- c. cyan.

Gomhouria Language School

- (A) 1. minimized inverted
- 2. repel attract
- Fungi bacteria
- kinetic electric

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- (B) 1. It is used to identify the main four geographical directions.
- 2. It is used in making many appliances as the electric bell, the electric mixer.

دراك مرواية

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- 3. It is used to separate white light colours. (sunlight) into seven spectrum
- 4. It is used to separate the water mixture). heterogeneous liquid mixtures (as oil-
- (A) 1. Transparent materials.
- Ecosystem. 3. Magnetic field
- 4. Solution.
- (B) 1. Water evaporates leaving the salt in the cup.
- Regular reflection of light.
- Increasing the produced amount of electricity.
- The Earth's surface will be covered Chemical elements found in the with the bodies of dead organisms.

bodies of dead organisms will not be

recycled to the environment.

- (A) 1. Because thousands of solid materials dissolve in it.
- Due to the refraction of light.
 Because these plants prey some
- for making protein. nsects to get their required elements
- Because it is made by the effect of electricity.
- (B) 1. By evaporation process2. By filtration process.
- (C) 1. They are coloured lights that are produced by mixing two of the primary coloured lights.
- It is the substance that is made of only one type of identical particles.
- (A) 1. c. white 3. b. producer
- 4. c. north-south a. decreases.
- b. elephantiasis
- (B) 1. reflects 2. mixtures
- soda water

Giza Governorate

Sakkara Language School

- 1. poles
- mechanical electric 2. refracts
- Shaking grinding
 saprophylic

التعليمي ويسمح بمشاركته فقط ولا يسمح بتداوله على الانترنت

2+2-8

1. a. producer 5. c. solute. 3. a. organize 7. a. Yellow. 6. c. Camouflage 8. a. Iron 2. b. north a. iron

- 0 1.4 2.8 7. (×) <u>838</u> ο ω ¥3
- (A) 1. Visible spectrum.
 2. Solvent. 3. Ma
- Predation. Magnetic fieldMutualism.
- (B) 1. Because they are attracted to the Saprophytes
- Because plants are autotrophic magnet. food by photosynthesis process. organisms that can make their own

Smart \ ision School

8

1. a. refraction 3. b. sugar.

2. b. predator.

- 7. c. opaque b. electromagnet 6. a. glass prism 8. c. white 4. b. reflects
- 2 (A) 1. Solute. 2. Predation.
- Light reflection.
- 5. Ecosystem. Magnetic materials.
- (B) 1. Magenta. 3. Fish. Filtration.
- (A) 1. Because it consists of more than one water vapour. type of particles such as oxygen gas, nitrogen gas carbon dioxide gas and
- 2. Because thousands of solid materials dissolve in it.
- 3. Because it ends up by devouring the prey or a part of at
- (B) 1. camouflage. 5. filtration opaque 4. wheel tire 2. black
- 1. Solvent Solute
- 2. Blue Green
- 4. unlike like plant animal

transparent

1. c. parasitism Sun Gate Language School

Guide Answers of Final Exams

- b. pure substance 7. a. Predation b. dynamo 4. b. camouflage. 6. c. Blue 8. c. cobalt 2. a. Yellow
- (A) 1. Light reflection
- Environmental balance
- Primary colours.
- Solute.
- Magnetic force
- (B) 1. Because thousands of solid materials dissolve in it.
- 2. Because plants are autotrophic food by photosynthesis process. organisms that can make their own
- Because like magnetic poles repel each other, while dislike magnetic poles attract each other.
- (A) 1. It is used to identify the main four 2. It is a device used to separate the geographical directions.
- It separates white light (sunlight) into seven spectrum colours. heterogeneous liquid mixtures.
- It is used in our daily life in making the generator (dynamo). magnetic compass and the electric
- (B) 1. living organisms non-living things
- predator prey.
- (A) 1. Green. 4. Black - white
- 2. Iron.
- 3. Fleas. Frosted glass
- (B) 1. (3) 2. (x) is a gaseous-liquid mixture.
- 43 (x) malaria disease.

Moharram Islamic Language School

(A) 1. Separating funnel. 6 Predation. 4. Dynamo 2. Mixture.



هذا العمل حصري على موقع ذاكرولي ا







- (B) 1. Because it preys some insects to get its required elements for making
- Air is transparent because it allows objects cannot be seen through it. allow light to pass through and most light to pass through and objects rock is opaque because it doesn't can be seen clearly through it, while
- (A) 1. (X) 2. (×)

3. (×)

3

- (B) 1. d. evaporation. 3. a. faster than 2. b. cyan a. aluminium.
- seven spectrum colours.
- winter summer.

1. area of land – forest

- pure substance mixture
- O(A) 1. b 2. c
- (B) 1. It is used to identify the main four
- It is used in making cranes (big-sized) geographical directions. winches) to move (lift) the heavy iron

Alexandria Governorate

blocks in factories

= Franciscan Sisters School

- (A) 1. electric magnetic
- stirring shaking.
- magnetic non-magnetic protein
- 5. refracts.
- (B) 1. To avoid the attraction between the Because it consists of seven spectrum magnetic needle and iron box.
- ω Because red apple absorbs all light glass sheet so apple appears red only, which passes through the red colours and reflects the red colour
- Because filtration process is used to separate the solid materials that are insoluble in water, salt is soluble in water so it isn't separated by filtration

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2+2-8

6

- (A) 1. Dissolving of salt in 300 ml. of water is faster than that in 100 ml. of water. of solvent decreases the solubility time Because the increasing in the amount
- Dissolving of sugar grains in water Because grinding of solid materials is faster than that of sugar cubes. increases the speed of their solubility
- (B) 1. Magnetic field.
- Solubility process.
- Opaque materials.
- Environmental balance
- (C) 1. decreases
- The electromagnet
- evaporation process. 4. Iron
- (A) 1. It becomes a temporary magnet. Yellow colour is produced.
- 3. It takes a fixed direction which is north-south direction.
- I can see the picture clearly.
- (B) 1. (x) reflects all light colours ...
- 3. (x) repel, attract each other 3

4. (x) Mineral water

0 (A) 1.

Example:	Definition :	Points of comparison
Lion	It is tiving organism which devours other living organisms.	Predator
Deer.	It is the devoured animal.	Prey

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:	7	•		

Example:	Definition :	Points of comparison	
Salty solution.	They are the mixtures in which its components can't be distinguished from each other.	Homogeneous mixtures	
Mud in water.	They are the mixtures in which its components can be distinguished from each other.	Heterogeneous mixtures	

In some bees: By mimicry. In frogs : By camouflage.

Example :	Definition :	Points of comparison
Light reflection when it falls on any smooth surface as mirror.	It is the reflection of light on a smooth and shiny reflecting surface, where the light rays are reflected directly in one direction.	Regular
Light reflection when it falls on any rough surface as white paper.	It is the reflection of light on a rough reflecting surface, where the light rays are reflected and scattered in different directions.	reflection

- (B) 1. Mutualism. Saprophytism.
- (C) 1. water. 3. permit. Sugar Ammeter

12 Saint Vince nt De Paul Shcool

- (A) 1. a. yellow. 3. c. cobalt. 4. a. homogeneous 2. c. iron
- (B) 1. The idea of making dynamo. 5. b. copper.
- 2. a. Electric lamp. b. Magnet
- (A) 1. Filtration process. 2. Solvent - Solute 3. refraction
- (B) 1. d 2. a

5. magnetism

4. malaria - fleas

- (C) 1. Rabbit 4.9 6. 5
- (A) 1. Magnetic field. The electromagnet. Camouflage. Insectivorous. 2. Shadow.

3. Iron. 2. Sugar.

- (B) 1. Because white objects reflect all light 2. Because it is not attracted to the white light. colours that combine together forming
- Due to the refraction of light. magnet.

- 0 (A) 1. (3)
- 2. (x) translucent

Guide Answers of Final Exams

- 3.3
- 4. (x) White

الصف الخامس الايتد

- 5. (x) increases
- (B) 1. It is separated to seven spectrum colours.
- 2. Water evaporates leaving the salt in the cup.
- Two poles attract each other.
- (C) 1. It is used to identify the main four The leguminous plants cannot get nitrogen in an inorganic form
- 2. It is used to separate the geographical directions. heterogeneous liquid mixtures

3 Montaza Educational Zone

(A) 1. a. predation 5. b. Iron b. secondary 4. a. Frog 2. c. black.

(B) 1. a magnet – a coil.

an electric current.

- @ (A) 1. White producer 2. solute - solvent. 4. Filaria
- (B) 1. Ecosystem. Shadow
- Regular reflection
- (A) 1. (x) keep their properties 2.3
- (x) Separating funnel ...

3

- (B) 1. Mutualism. Commensalism. Saprophytism
- (A) 1. Because thousands of solid materials dissolve in it.
- Because they are not attracted to the Because light travels in straight lines magnet.
- (B) 1. e 4.0 5 C

هذا العمل حصري على موقع ذاكرولي ا

4

Z

Taymour English Shcool

- (A) 1. irregular
- the magnetic force
- a common solvent
- repel attract absorbs - yellow colour - reflected
- A frog camouflage.
- (B) 1. It is used to separate white light spectrum colours. (sunlight) into seven colours called
- N Tiny aquatic living organisms get sponge. fissures that are found inside the food and shelter from the canals and
- (A) 1. The solubility time increases The solubility time decreases
- The solubility time increases.
- (B) 1. speed proteins 2. red
- kinetic
- (A) 1. Because vinegar and water are

Science

- Because it is used to locate the main homogeneous mixture. four directions.
- (B) 1. Ecosystem.
- Non-magnetic materials
- Evaporation.
- Predation. 5. Shadow
- (A) 1. Ascaris worm causes anaemia to man. Ņ The biggest amount of iron filings is gradually until it disappears at the of magnet and this amount decreases attracted to the two poles "the ends"
- (B) 1. a. visible spectrum

center of the magnet.

- c. Tissue paper
- 3. c. mutualism.
- Qaliubya Governorate
- (A) 1. kinetic electric

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- 2. white
- solute water
 Shaking stirring

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داك روايه التعليمي ويسمح بمشاركته فقط ولا يسمح بتداوله على الانترنت العمل حصري على موقع ذاكرولي ا

2+2-8

5. predation

6. repel - attract

7. red - violet.

regular – irregular.

(B) 1. The two poles attract each other The number of rabbits will increase,

competition between them, so rabbits insufficient for rabbits that leads to so the food resources become will die.

(A) 1. Ecosystem. Shadow. Magnetic fieldSaprophytism.

Mixture.

(B) 1. Because they are attracted to the Because thousands of solid materials magnet.

dissolve in it.

(A) 1. b. The Sun 5. d. electric 3. a. organize 6. c. Camouflage 4. a. iron 2. c. Iron

0 (A) 1. (Y) (B) 1. c 2. d 3. 6

(B) 1. Lion - Shark. 4.3 55 PX

2. Mosquito - Lice.

Mushroom – Bread mold fungus.

18 El-Sharkia Governorate

 1. repel – attract electric – magnetic Wood 4. black green – blue

(A) 1. Ecosystem. Magnetic field. 2. Shadow

Transparent materials

The compass.

Solution.

(B) 1. Because it is attracted to the magnet. Because thousands of solid materials

dissolve in it.

(A) 1. b. black c. Camouflage b. Filtration
 a. Fungi

5. a. electric

(B) 1. (x) 3

> (A) 1. predation mixtures. 4. straight yellow

(B) 1. White light is formed.

The black opaque object absorbs all light colours and doesn't reflect any colour, so it appears black.

(C) 1. It is the balance among the It is the light energy that can be seen. components of ecosystem.

El-Meno fia Governorate

1. rainbow

minimized – inverted. mechanical – electric

A magnet

Camouflage – mimicry

(A) 1. Magnetic materials. Mixture. 3. Prey.

5. Ecosystem. Solubility process.

(B) 1. The apple seems black Magnetic field.

Shadow of hand is formed.

(A) 1. a. yellow 3. a. faster than 2. c. chocolate

4. b. the needle deflects

2. a 3. d

(B) 1. c 4.0

(A) 1. Because it doesn't allow light to pass through and objects cannot be seen through it.

(B) 1. fleas Because it is used to identify the main four geographical directions 2. increases

8 El-Gharbia Governorate

5. reflect 3. attract

4. nitrogen

(A) 1. two poles - middle.

heterogeneous – filtration process living organisms – non-living things

white (sunlight) – a glass prism. opaque – shadow

B

Guide Answers of Final Exams

3. Rotten of bread :	2. Small pox :	1. Elephantiasis :	STATISTICS OF THE PARTY OF THE
Bread mold fungus.	Flea	Elephantiasis : Filaria worm.	organism
Saprophyte.	External parasite	internal parasite.	its type

الصف الخامس الايتد

2 (A) 1. b. Iron 3. a. secondary 2. c. tire. 4. d. (a) and (b).

(B) 1. Because it ends up by devouring the

To increase the magnetic force of the prey or a part of it. electromagnet.

(C) 1. Drosera. Atmospheric air. 2. Bees. 4. Water.

(A) 1. Rainbow.

(B) 1. It is used to separate the solid materials which are soluble in water.

Solubility process.

Magnetic field

Commensalism.

It is used in making cranes (big – heavy iron blocks in factories sized winches) to move (lift) the

It is used to identify the main four

geographical directions.

4. It is used to measure the electric current intensity.

(A) 1. minimized.3. black competition
 Saprophyties

(B) 1. The refraction of light.

Solubility time decreases. It ejects a black fluid in the surrounding water.

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	Points of comparison	Definition :	Example :
	Regular reflection	It is the reflection of light on a smooth and shiny reflecting surface, where the light rays are reflected directly in one direction.	Light reflection when it falls on any smooth
	irregular reflection	It is the reflection of light on a rough reflecting surface, where the light rays are reflected and scattered in different directions.	Light reflection when it falls on any rough surface

E W

5 El-Dakahlia Governorate

- (A) 1. b. homogeneous 2. b. decomposer. 3. a. sunlight. 4. c. electric
- (B) 1. Because they don't allow light to pass through them. through and objects cannot be seen
- Because its north pole refers to direction of the Earth. its south pole refers to the south the north direction of the Earth and
- Because the banana fruit absorbs all colour only. light colours and reflects the yellow
- Because thousands of solid materials dissolve in it.
- 3
- 4. (x) small or large
- (B) 1. Visible spectrum
- Mutualism.

Science

- Sodium carbonate.
- Irregular reflection.
- (B) the electromagnet 4. extinction

(A) 1. two poles

glass prism

Examples: Definition: comparison Points of Iron - steel -coball. They are the materials which the magnet are attracted to materials Magnetic Chalk - glass -They are materials which to the magnet. are not attracted Non-magnetic materials

N

Examples :	Definition :	Points of comparison	1
Pure water – sugar.	It is the substance that is made of only one type of identical particles.	Pure substance	
Mineral water - concrete	It is the substance that consists of more than one type of particles.	Mixture	

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Examples: Definition: comparison Points of seen clearly through it. light to pass through and Air - clear water, objects can be which lets most It is the material Transparent material Rocks - wood. seen through it objects can't be through and It is the material that doesn't allow light to pass material

- (A) 1. A disturbance in the environmental balance will take place.
- 2. It takes a fixed direction which is north-south direction.
- (B) Due to the refraction of light.
- (C) 1. d 2.6 3. e 4. a

20 Ismailia Governorate

- (A) 1. mixture pure substance.
- minimized inverted. mechanical – electric.
- repel attract
- grinding stirring.
- (B) 1. A disturbance in the environmental balance will take place.
- 2. The electromagnet loses its magnetic force and iron blocks fall down
- The yellow banana seems black
- (A) 1. Ecosystem. Two poles of magnet. Visible spectrum.
- Opaque materials.
- (B) 1. e 2. a 3. 6
- (A) 1. Compass.
- The main four geographical directions
- A light and small magnet (magnetic a fixed axis needle) that can spin freely around
- (B) 1. Because thousands of solid materials dissolve in it.
- 2. Because the parasite will lose its source of food and shelter.
- Because light travels in straight lines
- (C) 1. It is used to separate the heterogeneous liquid mixtures

It is used to separate white light colours. (sunlight) into seven spectrum

- (A) 1. d. red + greer a. filtration.
- 5. b. cranes.
- Saprophytism

Suez G overnorate

(A) 1. c. mimicry

2. b. iron

c. parasitic

repel – attract.

2

- (A) 1. opaque material. 5. decreases white light. 2. dynamo. the north pole.
- (B) 1. Separating funnel.
- Glass prism.
- (A) 1. Saprophytic organisms.
- Compass. Secondary coloured lights.
- Solubility process
- 5. Mutualism.
- Ecosystem.
- œ

Examples: iron - steel -
- Glass - paper - wood.

- (A) 1. c. tire.
- 2. b. inverted m inimized.
- c. predator. 3. a. Yellow. 6. a. fungi. 4. a. reflection
- (B) 1. It takes a fixed direction which is A disturbance in the environmental north-south direction.
- 0 (A) 1. (X) balance will take place.
- 3 3. (×)
- (B) 1. Because the reflection of the sunlight that falls on moon light is the

its surface.

Because it consists of more than one oxygen gas, carbon dioxide gas and type of particles such as nitrogen gas water vapour.

Guide Answers of Final Exams

4. d. the amount of solute 3. d. Iron

(C) 1. c

2. d

الصف الخامس الايتد

2

Port Said Governorate

(B) 1. Mutualism. Predation.

1. grinding - stirring.

living organisms – non-living things

pass through them – reflect.

- Dinosaur
- (B) Because light travels in straight lines. 4. a. Green
- (A) 1. Mutualism.
- Dinosaur. Magnetic field.
- Light reflection.
- (B) The white light is separated into seven spectrum colours.
- (A) 1. c 2. 0 3. a 4.1 5.0
- (B) magnet magnetic substances

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- (A) 1. living organisms non-living things solvent – solute.
- commensalism mutualism.
- electric magnetic
- shaking grinding.
- (B) 1. saprophytes. black 2. red
- (A) 1. The compass. Dynamo.Mimicry.
- Magnetic field
- Non-magnetic materials.
- (B) 1. Due to refraction of light.
- Because it consists of more than one water vapour. oxygen gas, carbon dioxide gas and type of particles such as nitrogen gas
- Because these plants prey some insects to get their required elements for making protein.

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د اک سرولی

4

التعليمي ويسمح بمشاركته فقط ولا يسمح بتداوله على الانترنت هذا العمل حصري على موقع ذاكرولي ا

2+2-8

- 1. a. a homogeneous d. the amount of solute 2. c. parasite. 5. a. Yellow.
- 8. b. reflection c. straight 7. elephantiasis
- (A) 1. It is the balance amoung the components of ecosystem.
- It is the material which lets some light seen through it less clearly than the to pass through and objects can be transparent one.
- (B) 1. It simulates the colours of its surrounding environment.
- (C) 1. By evaporation process
- Kafr El-Sheikh Governorate
- 1. primary coloured lights.
- repel attract

Science

- b. Chameleon
- c. Separating funnel
- 8. c. predator.
- (A) 1. Light refraction.
- Shadow. Transparent materials Magnetic field.
- The compass.
- Mutualism.
- (B) 1. Because thousands of solid materials
- dissolve in it.
- 2. Because light travels in straight lines.
- 2.3 6.3
- (A) 1. (x) 4 (x) 5. (3)
 - 3. (×)
- (B) 1. By filtration process. By magnetic attraction

د اک سرولی

2+2-8

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- By filtration process. The white light is formed. By magnetic attraction method The two poles attract each other.
- shaking grinding
 Solvent Solute white light
- a. homogeneous 1. a. producers b. malaria
 b. reflection
- 6. a. copper
- b. dry battery.
- The iron nail attracts the iron filings
- (B) 1. The compass.
- 2. Separating funnel
- 26 Fayoum Governorate
- 1. electric magnetic

1. c. straight

4. Predation.

Environmental balance.

Light reflection.

c. heterogeneous mixture

- insectivorous dionaea solute – solvent.
- (A) 1. The two poles
- Ecosystem

El-Behira Governorate

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- 1. don't allow allow.
- Bilharzia worm mosquitoes
- Shaking stirring.
- organizes.
- (A) 1. a. electric
- c. light refraction. 3. c. white
- ®

Examples :	Definition:	Points of comparison
Iron - steel - nickel.	They are the materials which are attracted to the magnet.	Magnetic materials
Glass - paper - wood.	They are the materials which are not attracted to the magnet.	Non-magnetic materials

- (A) 1. Regular reflection. Magnetic field.
- 4. Ecosystem.
- (B) 1. Because the red apple reflects the blue glass sheet, so the apple seems black. red colour which is absorbed by the
- To protect themselves from enemies.
- (A) 1. the electromagnet a. wrought iron nail.
- c. copper wire.

- repel attract

(A) 1. Transparent

2. secondary

small pox

4. a. Milk b. opaque

(B) 1. b

2. 8

3. d

4.0

4. wood

- 2. Shadow.
- Pure substances,Visible spectrum.

(B) 1. It is used to spectrum colour. (sunlight) in to seven colours called separate white light

2. It is used in filtration process, to water. separate insolube solid materials in

8

5. a. solute 3. c. north.

> 4. a. opaque a. primary

(A) 1. b. Sepia

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El-Minia Governorate

Guide Answers of Final Exams

- (A) 1. b. north and a. small and south. inverted.
- (B) 1. The magnet attracts the iron nails 3. c. Sepia c. mixture.

Definition:

of light on a It is the reflection

of light on a rough It is the reflection comparison Points of

reflection

- The spoon seems broken due to the leaving the sand. refraction of light.
- (A) 1. malaria increases Faraday
 Irregular

Example:

Light reflection when it falls

Light reflection when it falls on

the light rays are reflected directly

surface, where

where the light rays are reflected and scattered

hiny reflecting

in one direction

directions.

in different

on any smooth

surface as mirror.

as white paper. any rough surface

- (B) 1. Because they are not attracted to the 2. Because it consists of more than one magnet.
- type of particles such as nitrogen gas, oxygen gas, carbon dioxide gas and water vapour.

(A) 1. Iron

Dynamo

increases

(B) 1. Mutualism.

Commensalism.

Internally parasitism.

(C) It is used in electric power stations to

generate a large amount of electricity

used for lightening cities and operating

2 Beni-Sueif Governorate

- (A) 1. repel attract 2. mechanical - electric
- living organisms non-living things.
- 4. Water
- (B) 1. Because it consists of only one type of identical particles.
- 2. Due to the refraction of light
- The electromagnet.
 - The compass. Light refraction.

(A) 1. Magnetic field.

Ecosystem.

factories.

- (B) 1. Because it consists of more than one oxygen gas, carbon dioxide gas and type of particles such as nitrogen gas. water vapour.
- Because it ends up by devouring the prey or a part of it.
- (A) 1. c 2.0 3. 6 4. 8
- (B) 1. The Earth's surface will be covered with the bodies of dead organisms.
- The white light is separated into seven spectrum colours.





